

iTeller

Smart Contract Audit Report





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AUDITED DETAILS

| Audited Project

Project name	Token ticker	Blockchain	
iTeller	ITLR	Binance Smart Chain	

Addresses

Contract address	0x7646cbf726b39a5417834aec7fc4d57428111a00	
Contract deployer address	0xd6d24c5c89001c02826127957D05535fFABe5c2c	

Project Website

https://www.iteller.io/

Codebase

https://bscscan.com/address/0x7646cbf726b39a5417834aec7fc4d57428111a00#code



SUMMARY

iTeller is the new face of finance. With our innovative and exciting features, users can enjoy financial independence and experience the perks of a disrupted traditional banking system.

Contract Summary

Documentation Quality

iTeller provides a very good documentation with standard of solidity base code.

• The technical description is provided clearly and structured and also dont have any high risk issue.

Code Quality

The Overall quality of the basecode is standard.

 Standard solidity basecode and rules are already followed by iTeller with the discovery of several low issues.

Test Coverage

Test coverage of the project is 100% (Through Codebase)

Audit Findings Summary

- SWC-100 SWC-108 | Explicitly define visibility for all state variables on lines 657 and 761.
- SWC-103 | Pragma statements can be allowed to float when a contract is intended on lines 9, 36, 116, 333, 880, 1180 and 1372.



CONCLUSION

We have audited the iTeller project released on February 2022 to discover issues and identify potential security vulnerabilities in iTeller Project. This process is used to find technical issues and security loopholes which might be found in the smart contract.

The security audit report provides a satisfactory result with some low-risk issues.

The issues found in the iTeller smart contract code do not pose a considerable risk. The writing of the contract is close to the standard of writing contracts in general. The low-risk issues found are some a floating pragma is set and state variable visibility is not set. The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.6.00.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code. It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "nonces" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.



AUDIT RESULT

Article	Category	Description	Result	
Default Visibility	SWC-100 SWC-108	set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified.		
Integer Overflow and Underflow	SWC-101	If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.	PASS	
Outdated Compiler Version	SWC-102	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.	PASS	
Floating Pragma	SWC-103	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.	ISSUE FOUND	
Unchecked Call Return Value	SWC-104	The return value of a message call should be checked.	PASS	
Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	SWC-105	Due to missing or insufficient access controls, malicious parties can withdraw from the contract.	PASS	
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	SWC-106	The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.	PASS	
Reentrancy	SWC-107	Check effect interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs recursive call.	PASS	
Uninitialized Storage Pointer	SWC-109	Uninitialized local storage variables can point to unexpected storage locations in the contract.	PASS	
Assert Violation	SWC-110 SWC-123	Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.	PASS	
Deprecated Solidity Functions	SWC-111	Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.	PASS	
Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	SWC-112	Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.	PASS	



DoS (Denial of Service)	SWC-113 SWC-128	Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.	PASS
Race Conditions	SWC-114	Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.	PASS
Authorization through tx.origin	SWC-115	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	PASS
Block values as a proxy for time	SWC-116	Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.	PASS
Signature Unique ID	SWC-117 SWC-121 SWC-122	Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id.	PASS
Incorrect Constructor Name	SWC-118	Constructors are special functions that are called only once during the contract creation.	PASS
Shadowing State Variable	SWC-119	State variables should not be shadowed.	PASS
Weak Sources of Randomness	SWC-120	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.	PASS
Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	SWC-124	The contract is responsible for ensuring that only authorized user or contract accounts may write to sensitive storage locations.	PASS
Incorrect Inheritance Order	SWC-125	When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order. The rule of thumb is to inherit contracts from more /general/ to more /specific/.	PASS
Insufficient Gas Griefing	SWC-126	Insufficient gas griefing attacks can be performed on contracts which accept data and use it in a sub-call on another contract.	PASS
Arbitrary Jump Function	SWC-127	As Solidity doesnt support pointer arithmetics, it is impossible to change such variable to an arbitrary value.	PASS



Typographical Error	SWC-129	A typographical error can occur for example when the intent of a defined operation is to sum a number to a variable.	PASS
Override control character	SWC-130	Malicious actors can use the Right-To-Left-Override unicode character to force RTL text rendering and confuse users as to the real intent of a contract.	PASS
Unused variables	SWC-131 SWC-135	Unused variables are allowed in Solidity and they do not pose a direct security issue.	PASS
Unexpected Ether balance	SWC-132	Contracts can behave erroneously when they strictly assume a specific Ether balance.	PASS
Hash Collisions Variable	SWC-133	Using abi.encodePacked() with multiple variable length arguments can, in certain situations, lead to a hash collision.	PASS
Hardcoded gas amount	SWC-134	The transfer() and send() functions forward a fixed amount of 2300 gas.	PASS
Unencrypted Private Data	SWC-136	It is a common misconception that private type variables cannot be read.	PASS



SMART CONTRACT ANALYSIS

Started	Tuesday Feb 15 2022 11:55:18 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)		
Finished	Wednesday Feb 16 2022 01:15:25 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)		
Mode	Standard		
Main Source File	StandardBEP20.sol		

Detected Issues

ID	Title	Severity	Status
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-108	STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-108	STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.	low	acknowledged



LINE 9

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.6.0<0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- StandardBEP20.sol

```
8
9  pragma solidity >=0.6.0 <0.8.0;
10
11  /*
12 * @dev Provides information about the current execution context, including the
13</pre>
```



LINE 36

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.6.0<0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- StandardBEP20.sol

```
35
36 pragma solidity >=0.6.0 <0.8.0;
37
38 /**
39 * @dev Interface of the ERC20 standard as defined in the EIP.
40
```



LINE 116

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.6.0<0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- StandardBEP20.sol

```
115
116 pragma solidity >=0.6.0 <0.8.0;
117
118 /**
119 * @dev Wrappers over Solidity's arithmetic operations with added overflow
120
```



LINE 333

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.6.0<0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- StandardBEP20.sol

```
332
333 pragma solidity >=0.6.0 <0.8.0;
334
335
336
337
```



LINE 880

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.6.0<0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- StandardBEP20.sol

```
879

880 pragma solidity >=0.6.0 <0.8.0;

881

882 /**

883 * @dev Library for managing

884
```



LINE 1180

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.6.2<0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- StandardBEP20.sol

```
1179
1180 pragma solidity >=0.6.2 <0.8.0;
1181
1182 /**
1183 * @dev Collection of functions related to the address type
1184
```



LINE 1372

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.6.0<0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- StandardBEP20.sol

```
1371

1372 pragma solidity >=0.6.0 <0.8.0;

1373

1374

1375

1376
```



SWC-108 | STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.

LINE 657

low SEVERITY

It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "inited" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

Source File

- StandardBEP20.sol

```
656   contract Initializable {
657   bool inited = false;
658
659   modifier initializer() {
660   require(!inited, "already inited");
661
```



SWC-108 | STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.

LINE 761

low SEVERITY

It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "nonces" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

Source File

- StandardBEP20.sol

```
760 );
761 mapping(address => uint256) nonces;
762
763 /*
764 * Meta transaction structure.
765
```



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