

Candy P2E
Smart Contract
Audit Report





TABLE OF CONTENTS

| Audited Details

- Audited Project
- Blockchain
- Addresses
- Project Website
- Codebase

Summary

- Contract Summary
- Audit Findings Summary
- Vulnerabilities Summary

Conclusion

| Audit Results

Smart Contract Analysis

- Detected Vulnerabilities

Disclaimer

About Us



AUDITED DETAILS

Audited Project

Project name	Token ticker	Blockchain	
Candy P2E	CAD	BSC	

Addresses

Contract address	0x4F59bb93b680d70EF750327c3A1193fa69eb6d54	
Contract deployer address	0x9dACf80d90e92e88d553CDA00A7a53821307E87C	

Project Website

https://candyp2e.com/

Codebase

https://bscscan.com/address/0x4F59bb93b680d70EF750327c3A1193fa69eb6d54#code



SUMMARY

Candy P2E is a combination of traditional gaming and Blockchain technology to create a Play-to-Earn mechanism. They aim for real entertainment and rewards every time you play, making your entertainment no longer a waste of time.

Contract Summary

Documentation Quality

The amount of documentation in this project is GOOD.

• The technical description is provided.

Code Quality

The Overall quality of the code is GOOD

The official Solidity style guide is followed.

Test Coverage

Test coverage of the project is 100% (Through Codebase)

Audit Findings Summary

- SWC-101 | Arithmetic operation Issues discovered on lines 194, 216, 241, 270, 271, 400, 431, 462, 472, 483, 511, 520, 521, 526, 527, 535, 542, 546, 566, 567, 568, 569, 575, 576, 577, 584, 633, 659.
- SWC-103 | A floating pragma is set on lines 7. The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.17"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.
- SWC-110 | Out of bounds array access on lines 595, 596. The index access expression can cause an exception in case an invalid array index value is used.
- SWC-120 | Potential use of "block.number" as a source of randomness on lines 511, 640.



CONCLUSION

CONCLUSION

We have audited the Candy P2E Coin which has released on January 2023 to discover issues and identifying potential security vulnerabilities in Candy P2E Project. This process is used to find bugs, technical issues, and security loopholes that finds some common issues in the code.

The security audit report produced satisfactory results with a low risk issue on contract project.

The most common issue found in writing code on contracts that do not pose a big risk, writing on contracts is close to the standard of writing contracts in general. Some of the low issues that were found were assert violation, a floating pragma is setn and weak sources of the randomness contained in the contract



AUDIT RESULT

Article	Category	Description	Result
Default Visibility	SWC-100 SWC-108	Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.	PASS
Integer Overflow and Underflow	SWC-101	If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.	ISSUE FOUND
Outdated Compiler Version	SWC-102	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.	PASS
Floating Pragma	SWC-103	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.	ISSUE FOUND
Unchecked Call Return Value	SWC-104	The return value of a message call should be checked.	PASS
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	SWC-106	The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.	PASS
Check-Effect Interaction	SWC-107	Check-Effect-Interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs ANY external call.	PASS
Assert Violation	SWC-110	Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.	ISSUE FOUND
Deprecated Solidity Functions	SWC-111	Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.	PASS
Delegate call to Untrusted Caller	SWC-112	Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.	PASS
DoS (Denial of Service)	SWC-113 SWC-128	Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.	PASS
Race Conditions	SWC-114	Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.	PASS



Authorization through tx.origin	SWC-115	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	
Block values as a proxy for time	SWC-116	Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.	PASS
Signature Unique Id	SWC-117 SWC-121 SWC-122	Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id.	PASS
Shadowing State Variable	SWC-119	State variables should not be shadowed.	PASS
Weak Sources of Randomness	SWC-120	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.	ISSUE FOUND
Incorrect Inheritance Order	SWC-125	When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order. The rule of thumb is to inherit contracts from more /general/ to more /specific/.	PASS



SMART CONTRACT ANALYSIS

Started	Sun Jan 22 2023 22:03:42 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)		
Finished	Mon Jan 23 2023 05:06:33 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)		
Mode	Quick		
Main Source File	Candy2pe.Sol		

Detected Issues

ID	Title	Severity	Status
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+=" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged



SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "++" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
SWC-120	POTENTIAL USE OF "BLOCK.NUMBER" AS SOURCE OF RANDONMNESS.	low	acknowledged
SWC-120	POTENTIAL USE OF "BLOCK.NUMBER" AS SOURCE OF RANDONMNESS.	low	acknowledged



LINE 194

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
require(currentAllowance >= amount, "BEP20: transfer amount exceeds allowance");

_approve(sender, _msgSender(), currentAllowance - amount);

return true;

| |
```



LINE 216

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
215 {
216   _approve(_msgSender(), spender, _allowances[_msgSender()][spender] + addedValue);
217   return true;
218 }
```



LINE 241

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
240 require(currentAllowance >= subtractedValue, "BEP20: decreased allowance below
zero");
241 _approve(_msgSender(), spender, currentAllowance - subtractedValue);
242 return true;
243 |
```



LINE 270

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
269 require(senderBalance >= amount, "BEP20: transfer amount exceeds balance");
270 _balances[sender] = senderBalance - amount;
271 _balances[recipient] += amount;
272 |
```



LINE 271

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
270   _balances[sender] = senderBalance - amount;
271   _balances[recipient] += amount;
272   emit Transfer(sender, recipient, amount);
273   |
```



LINE 400

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
399 bool public tradingEnabled = false;
400 uint256 public tokenLiquidityThreshold = 1e3 * 10**18;
401 uint256 public genesis_block;
402 |
```



LINE 431

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol



LINE 462

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
require(currentAllowance >= amount, "BEP20: transfer amount exceeds allowance");

approve(sender, _msgSender(), currentAllowance - amount);

return true;

464 |
```



LINE 472

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
471 {
472 _approve(_msgSender(), spender, _allowances[_msgSender()][spender] + addedValue);
473 return true;
474 }
```



LINE 483

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
482 require(currentAllowance >= subtractedValue, "BEP20: decreased allowance below
zero");
483 _approve(_msgSender(), spender, currentAllowance - subtractedValue);
484 return true;
485 |
```



LINE 511

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
510 !exemptFee[recipient] &&
511 block.number < genesis_block + deadline;
512 //set fee to zero if fees in contract are handled or exempted
513 |</pre>
```



LINE 520

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
feeswap =
520  sellTaxes.liquidity +
521  sellTaxes.marketing;
522  feesum = feeswap;
```



LINE 526

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
525  feeswap =
526  taxes.liquidity +
527  taxes.marketing;
528  feesum = feeswap;
```



LINE 535

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
534 }
535 fee = (amount * feesum) / 100;
536 //send fees if threshold has been reached
537 |
```



LINE 542

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
541  //rest to recipient
542  super._transfer(sender, recipient, amount - fee);
543  if (fee > 0) {
```



LINE 546

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
545 if (feeswap > 0) {
546  uint256 feeAmount = (amount * feeswap) / 100;
547  super._transfer(sender, address(this), feeAmount);
```



LINE 546

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
545 if (feeswap > 0) {
546  uint256 feeAmount = (amount * feeswap) / 100;
547  super._transfer(sender, address(this), feeAmount);
548 }
```



LINE 566

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
565  // Split the contract balance into halves
566  uint256 denominator = feeswap * 2;
567  uint256 tokensToAddLiquidityWith = (contractBalance * swapTaxes.liquidity) /
568  denominator;
```



LINE 566

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
565  uint256 denominator = feeswap * 2;
566  uint256 tokensToAddLiquidityWith = (contractBalance * swapTaxes.liquidity) /
567  denominator;
568  uint256 toSwap = contractBalance - tokensToAddLiquidityWith;
```



LINE 569

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
568 denominator;
569 uint256 toSwap = contractBalance - tokensToAddLiquidityWith;
570 uint256 initialBalance = address(this).balance;
571 |
```



LINE 575

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
574    swapTokensForETH(toSwap);
575    uint256 deltaBalance = address(this).balance - initialBalance;
576    uint256 unitBalance = deltaBalance / (denominator - swapTaxes.liquidity);
577    uint256 ethToAddLiquidityWith = unitBalance * swapTaxes.liquidity;
```



LINE 576

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
575  uint256 deltaBalance = address(this).balance - initialBalance;
576  uint256 unitBalance = deltaBalance / (denominator - swapTaxes.liquidity);
577  uint256 ethToAddLiquidityWith = unitBalance * swapTaxes.liquidity;
578  |
```



LINE 577

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
576 uint256 unitBalance = deltaBalance / (denominator - swapTaxes.liquidity);
577 uint256 ethToAddLiquidityWith = unitBalance * swapTaxes.liquidity;
578 if (ethToAddLiquidityWith > 0) {
579 |
```



LINE 584

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
583 }
584 uint256 marketingAmt = unitBalance * 2 * swapTaxes.marketing;
585 if (marketingAmt > 0) {
586 payable(marketingWallet).sendValue(marketingAmt);
```



LINE 633

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
//update the treshhold
require(new_amount <= 1e4, "Swap threshold amount should be lower or equal to 1% of
tokens");
tokenLiquidityThreshold = new_amount * 10**decimals();
}</pre>
```



LINE 659

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within Mythril.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
function bulkExemptFee(address[] memory accounts, bool state) external onlyOwner {
for (uint256 i = 0; i < accounts.length; i++) {
  exemptFee[accounts[i]] = state;
}</pre>
```



SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 7

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.17"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
6  //SPDX-License-Identifier: UNLICENSED
7  pragma solidity ^0.8.17;
8  abstract contract Context {
9  |
```



SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 595

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.17"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
594 address[] memory path = new address[](2);
595 path[0] = address(this);
596 path[1] = router.WETH();
597 |
```



SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 596

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.17"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
595 path[0] = address(this);
596 path[1] = router.WETH();
597 _approve(address(this), address(router), tokenAmount);
598 |
```



SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 660

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.17"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
659  for (uint256 i = 0; i < accounts.length; i++) {
660  exemptFee[accounts[i]] = state;
661  }
662  }</pre>
```



SWC-120 | POTENTIAL USE OF "BLOCK.NUMBER" AS SOURCE OF RANDONMNESS.

LINE 660

low SEVERITY

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
659 !exemptFee[recipient] &&
660 block.number < genesis_block + deadline;
661 //set fee to zero if fees in contract are handled or exempted
662 |</pre>
```



SWC-120 | POTENTIAL USE OF "BLOCK.NUMBER" AS SOURCE OF RANDONMNESS.

LINE 640

low SEVERITY

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source File

- candy2pe.sol

```
639 providingLiquidity = true;
640 genesis_block = block.number;
641 }
642 |
```



DISCLAIMER

This report is subject to the terms and conditions (including without limitation, description of services, confidentiality, disclaimer and limitation of liability) set forth in the Services Agreement, or the scope of services, and terms and conditions provided to you ("Customer" or the "Company") in connection with the Agreement. This report provided in connection with the Services set forth in the Agreement shall be used by the Company only to the extent permitted under the terms and conditions set forth in the Agreement. This report may not be transmitted, disclosed, referred to, or relied upon by any person for any purposes, nor may copies be delivered to any other person other than the Company, without Sysfixed's prior written consent in each instance.

This report is not, nor should be considered, an "endorsement" or "disapproval" of any particular project or team. This report is not, nor should be considered, an indication of the economics or value of any "product" or "asset" created by any team or project that contracts Sysfixed to perform a security assessment. This report does not provide any warranty or guarantee regarding the absolute bug-free nature of the technology analyzed, nor do they provide any indication of the technologies proprietors, business, business model, or legal compliance.

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

This report should not be used in any way to make decisions around investment or involvement with any particular project. This report in no way provides investment advice, nor should be leveraged as investment advice of any sort. This report represents an extensive assessing process intending to help our customers increase the quality of their code while reducing the high level of risk presented by cryptographic tokens and blockchain technology.

This report is provided for information purposes only and on a non-reliance basis and does not constitute investment advice. No one shall have any right to rely on the report or its contents, and Sysfixed and its affiliates (including holding companies, shareholders, subsidiaries, employees, directors, officers, and other representatives) (Sysfixed) owe no duty of care.



ABOUT US

Sysfixed is a blockchain security certification organization established in 2021 with the objective to provide smart contract security services and verify their correctness in blockchain-based protocols. Sysfixed automatically scans for security vulnerabilities in Ethereum and other EVM-based blockchain smart contracts. Sysfixed a comprehensive range of analysis techniques—including static analysis, dynamic analysis, and symbolic execution—can accurately detect security vulnerabilities to provide an in-depth analysis report. With a vibrant ecosystem of world-class integration partners that amplify developer productivity, Sysfixed can be utilized in all phases of your project's lifecycle. Our team of security experts is dedicated to the research and improvement of our tools and techniques used to fortify your code.