

AIPAD.tech

# Smart Contract Audit Report





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# **AUDITED DETAILS**

# Audited Project

| Project name | Token ticker | Blockchain          |  |
|--------------|--------------|---------------------|--|
| AIPAD.tech   | AIPAD        | Binance Smart Chain |  |

# Addresses

| Contract address          | 0xe55d97a97ae6a17706ee281486e98a84095d8aaf |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Contract deployer address | 0xb40D53d70a7095737b09ae9F87da35B837f60c21 |  |

# Project Website

https://www.aipad.tech/

# Codebase

https://bscscan.com/address/0xe55d97a97ae6a17706ee281486e98a84095d8aaf#code



### **SUMMARY**

AlPad is dedicated to making Al accessible and impactful for everyone. To kick off this launch, we want to invite our community to complete the viral sweep to get on the whitelist for this incredible opportunity. We believe this will allow us to bring on board the most passionate and dedicated individuals who are ready to take on the Al revolution.

### Contract Summary

#### **Documentation Quality**

AIPAD.tech provides a very good documentation with standard of solidity base code.

• The technical description is provided clearly and structured and also dont have any high risk issue.

#### **Code Quality**

The Overall quality of the basecode is standard.

 Standard solidity basecode and rules are already followed by AIPAD.tech with the discovery of several low issues.

#### **Test Coverage**

Test coverage of the project is 100% (Through Codebase)

### Audit Findings Summary

- SWC-101 | It is recommended to use vetted safe math libraries for arithmetic operations consistently on lines 94, 173, 94 and 173.
- SWC-103 | Pragma statements can be allowed to float when a contract is intended on lines 5.



# CONCLUSION

We have audited the AIPAD.tech project released on February 2023 to discover issues and identify potential security vulnerabilities in AIPAD.tech Project. This process is used to find technical issues and security loopholes which might be found in the smart contract.

The security audit report provides satisfactory results with low-risk issues.

The issues found in the AIPAD.tech smart contract codes do not pose a considerable risk. The writing of the contract is close to the standard of writing contracts in general. The low-risk issues are some arithmetic operation issues, and a floating pragma is set. The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.6.12"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.



# **AUDIT RESULT**

| Article                              | Category           | Description   | Result                 |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------|--|
| Default Visibility                   | SWC-100<br>SWC-108 | Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.     |                        |  |
| Integer Overflow<br>and Underflow    | SWC-101            | If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.                              | ISSUE<br>FOUND         |  |
| Outdated Compiler<br>Version         | SWC-102            | It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.   | PASS                   |  |
| Floating Pragma                      | SWC-103            | Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.  ISSUE FOUND |                        |  |
| Unchecked Call<br>Return Value       | SWC-104            | The return value of a message call should be checked.   | PASS                   |  |
| Unprotected Ether<br>Withdrawal      | SWC-105            | Due to missing or insufficient access controls, malicious parties can withdraw from the contract.                         | PASS                   |  |
| SELFDESTRUCT<br>Instruction          | SWC-106            | The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.                                       | ructible while it PASS |  |
| Reentrancy                           | SWC-107            | Check effect interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs recursive call.                                  | ved PASS               |  |
| Uninitialized<br>Storage Pointer     | SWC-109            | Uninitialized local storage variables can point to unexpected storage locations in the contract.                          | PASS                   |  |
| Assert Violation                     | SWC-110<br>SWC-123 | Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.  |                        |  |
| Deprecated Solidity Functions        | SWC-111            | Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.   | PASS                   |  |
| Delegate call to<br>Untrusted Callee | SWC-112            | Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.  | PASS                   |  |



| DoS (Denial of Service)                | SWC-113<br>SWC-128            | Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.   |      |  |
|--|-------------------------------|---|------|--|
| Race Conditions                        | SWC-114                       | Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.   |      |  |
| Authorization<br>through tx.origin     | SWC-115                       | tx.origin should not be used for authorization.   | PASS |  |
| Block values as a proxy for time       | SWC-116                       | Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.   |      |  |
| Signature Unique<br>ID                 | SWC-117<br>SWC-121<br>SWC-122 | Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id  |      |  |
| Incorrect<br>Constructor Name          | SWC-118                       | Constructors are special functions that are called only once during the contract creation.  |      |  |
| Shadowing State<br>Variable            | SWC-119                       | State variables should not be shadowed.   |      |  |
| Weak Sources of<br>Randomness          | SWC-120                       | Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.  |      |  |
| Write to Arbitrary<br>Storage Location | SWC-124                       | The contract is responsible for ensuring that only authorized user or contract accounts may write to sensitive storage locations.   |      |  |
| Incorrect<br>Inheritance Order         | SWC-125                       | When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order. The rule of thumb is to inherit contracts from more /general/ to more /specific/. |      |  |
| Insufficient Gas<br>Griefing           | SWC-126                       | Insufficient gas griefing attacks can be performed on contracts which accept data and use it in a sub-call on another contract.   |      |  |
| Arbitrary Jump<br>Function             | SWC-127                       | As Solidity doesnt support pointer arithmetics, it is impossible to change such variable to an arbitrary value.   | PASS |  |



| Typographical<br>Error      | SWC-129            | A typographical error can occur for example when the intent of a defined operation is to sum a number to a variable.                                     |  |  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Override control character  | SWC-130            | Malicious actors can use the Right-To-Left-Override unicode character to force RTL text rendering and confuse users as to the real intent of a contract. |  |  |
| Unused variables            | SWC-131<br>SWC-135 | Unused variables are allowed in Solidity and they do not pose a direct security issue.   |  |  |
| Unexpected Ether balance    | SWC-132            | Contracts can behave erroneously when they strictly assume a specific Ether balance.   |  |  |
| Hash Collisions<br>Variable | SWC-133            | Using abi.encodePacked() with multiple variable length arguments can, in certain situations, lead to a hash collision.                                   |  |  |
| Hardcoded gas<br>amount     | SWC-134            | The transfer() and send() functions forward a fixed amount of 2300 gas.  |  |  |
| Unencrypted<br>Private Data | SWC-136            | It is a common misconception that private type variables cannot be read.   |  |  |



# **SMART CONTRACT ANALYSIS**

| Started          | Friday Feb 03 2023 19:30:43 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)   |  |  |
|------------------|---|--|--|
| Finished         | Saturday Feb 04 2023 05:06:15 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time) |  |  |
| Mode             | Standard  |  |  |
| Main Source File | TransparentUpgradeableProxy.sol                                     |  |  |

# Detected Issues

| ID      | Title   | Severity | Status       |
|---------|---|----------|--------------|
| SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED                 | low      | acknowledged |
| SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED                 | low      | acknowledged |
| SWC-101 | COMPILER-REWRITABLE " <uint> - 1" DISCOVERED</uint> | low      | acknowledged |
| SWC-101 | COMPILER-REWRITABLE " <uint> - 1" DISCOVERED</uint> | low      | acknowledged |
| SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.                           | low      | acknowledged |



# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED

LINE 94

#### **low SEVERITY**

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

#### Source File

- TransparentUpgradeableProxy.sol

```
93 constructor() public payable {
94 assert(_IMPLEMENTATION_SLOT ==
bytes32(uint256(keccak256("eip1967.proxy.implementation")) - 1));
95 }
96
97 /**
98
```



# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED

**LINE 173** 

#### **low SEVERITY**

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

#### Source File

- TransparentUpgradeableProxy.sol

```
172 constructor(address admin, address implementation) public payable
UpgradeableProxy() {
173    require(_ADMIN_SLOT == bytes32(uint256(keccak256("eip1967.proxy.admin")) - 1),
"Wrong admin slot");
174    _setAdmin(admin);
175    _upgradeTo(implementation);
176  }
177
```



# SWC-101 | COMPILER-REWRITABLE "<UINT> - 1" DISCOVERED LINE 94

#### **low SEVERITY**

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

#### Source File

- TransparentUpgradeableProxy.sol

```
93 constructor() public payable {
94 assert(_IMPLEMENTATION_SLOT ==
bytes32(uint256(keccak256("eip1967.proxy.implementation")) - 1));
95 }
96
97 /**
98
```



# SWC-101 | COMPILER-REWRITABLE "<UINT> - 1" DISCOVERED

**LINE 173** 

#### **low SEVERITY**

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

#### Source File

- TransparentUpgradeableProxy.sol

```
172 constructor(address admin, address implementation) public payable
UpgradeableProxy() {
173    require(_ADMIN_SLOT == bytes32(uint256(keccak256("eip1967.proxy.admin")) - 1),
   "Wrong admin slot");
174    _setAdmin(admin);
175    _upgradeTo(implementation);
176  }
177
```



# SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 5

#### **low SEVERITY**

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.6.12"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

#### Source File

- TransparentUpgradeableProxy.sol

```
4
5 pragma solidity ^0.6.12;
6
7 /**
8 * @dev This abstract contract provides a fallback function that delegates all calls to another contract using the EVM
9
```



# **DISCLAIMER**

This report is subject to the terms and conditions (including without limitation, description of services, confidentiality, disclaimer and limitation of liability) set forth in the Services Agreement, or the scope of services, and terms and conditions provided to you ("Customer" or the "Company") in connection with the Agreement. This report provided in connection with the Services set forth in the Agreement shall be used by the Company only to the extent permitted under the terms and conditions set forth in the Agreement. This report may not be transmitted, disclosed, referred to, or relied upon by any person for any purposes, nor may copies be delivered to any other person other than the Company, without Sysfixed's prior written consent in each instance.

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This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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# **ABOUT US**

Sysfixed is a blockchain security certification organization established in 2021 with the objective to provide smart contract security services and verify their correctness in blockchain-based protocols. Sysfixed automatically scans for security vulnerabilities in Ethereum and other EVM-based blockchain smart contracts. Sysfixed a comprehensive range of analysis techniques—including static analysis, dynamic analysis, and symbolic execution—can accurately detect security vulnerabilities to provide an in-depth analysis report. With a vibrant ecosystem of world-class integration partners that amplify developer productivity, Sysfixed can be utilized in all phases of your project's lifecycle. Our team of security experts is dedicated to the research and improvement of our tools and techniques used to fortify your code.