

MxmBoxcEus Token
Smart Contract
Audit Report





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AUDITED DETAILS

Audited Project

Project name	Token ticker	Blockchain	
MxmBoxcEus Token	MBE	Binance Smart Chain	

Addresses

Contract address	0x086ddd008e20dd74c4fb216170349853f8ca8289	
Contract deployer address	0x5FE5A86c7074287B53052EdE1fb4C61B6B744Db2	

Project Website

https://mbecoin.com/

Codebase

https://bscscan.com/address/0x086ddd008e20dd74c4fb216170349853f8ca8289#code



SUMMARY

MBE-Ultimate final blockchain (MBE chain) is decentralized, efficient and energy-saving public chain. It is compatible with smart contracts and supports high performance transactions. MBE-Ultimata's native token is MBE, which uses the MPoS consensus mechanism. MBE-Ultimata will continue to improve the efficiency of BSC through Layer2, which will complement and empower the BSC ecosystem.

Contract Summary

Documentation Quality

MxmBoxcEus Token provides a very good documentation with standard of solidity base code.

• The technical description is provided clearly and structured and also dont have any high risk issue.

Code Quality

The Overall quality of the basecode is standard.

 Standard solidity basecode and rules are already followed by MxmBoxcEus Token with the discovery of several low issues.

Test Coverage

Test coverage of the project is 100% (Through Codebase)

Audit Findings Summary

- SWC-101 | It is recommended to use vetted safe math libraries for arithmetic operations consistently on lines 104, 106, 109 and 136.
- SWC-103 | Pragma statements can be allowed to float when a contract is intended on lines 5.
- SWC-110 SWC-123 | It is recommended to use of revert(), assert(), and require() in Solidity, and the new REVERT opcode in the EVM on lines 87, 87 and 90.



CONCLUSION

We have audited the MxmBoxcEus Token project released on November 2022 to discover issues and identify potential security vulnerabilities in MxmBoxcEus Token Project. This process is used to find technical issues and security loopholes which might be found in the smart contract.

The security audit report provides satisfactory results with low-risk issues.

The MxmBoxcEus Token smart contract code issues do not pose a considerable risk. The writing of the contract is close to the standard of writing contracts in general. The low-risk issues found are some arithmetic operation issues, a floating pragma is set, and out-of-bounds array access which the index access expression can cause an exception in case an invalid array index value is used.



AUDIT RESULT

Article	Category	Description	Result	
Default Visibility	SWC-100 SWC-108	Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.	PASS	
Integer Overflow and Underflow	SWC-101	If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.	ISSUE FOUND	
Outdated Compiler Version	SWC-102	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.		
Floating Pragma	SWC-103	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.	ISSUE FOUND	
Unchecked Call Return Value	SWC-104	The return value of a message call should be checked.	PASS	
Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	SWC-105	Due to missing or insufficient access controls, malicious parties can withdraw from the contract.		
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	SWC-106	The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.		
Reentrancy	SWC-107	Check effect interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs recursive call.		
Uninitialized Storage Pointer	SWC-109	Uninitialized local storage variables can point to unexpected storage locations in the contract.		
Assert Violation	SWC-110 SWC-123	Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.		
Deprecated Solidity Functions	SWC-111	Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.	PASS	
Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	SWC-112	Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.	PASS	



DoS (Denial of Service)	SWC-113 SWC-128	Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.	PASS
Race Conditions	SWC-114	Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.	
Authorization through tx.origin	SWC-115	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	PASS
Block values as a proxy for time	SWC-116	Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.	PASS
Signature Unique ID	SWC-117 SWC-121 SWC-122	Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id.	PASS
Incorrect Constructor Name	SWC-118	Constructors are special functions that are called only once during the contract creation.	
Shadowing State Variable	SWC-119	State variables should not be shadowed.	
Weak Sources of Randomness	SWC-120	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.	
Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	SWC-124	The contract is responsible for ensuring that only authorized user or contract accounts may write to sensitive storage locations.	PASS
Incorrect Inheritance Order	SWC-125	When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order. The rule of thumb is to inherit contracts from more /general/ to more /specific/.	
Insufficient Gas Griefing	SWC-126	Insufficient gas griefing attacks can be performed on contracts which accept data and use it in a sub-call on another contract.	
Arbitrary Jump Function	SWC-127	As Solidity doesnt support pointer arithmetics, it is impossible to change such variable to an arbitrary value.	PASS



Typographical Error	SWC-129	A typographical error can occur for example when the intent of a defined operation is to sum a number to a variable.	
Override control character	SWC-130	Malicious actors can use the Right-To-Left-Override unicode character to force RTL text rendering and confuse users as to the real intent of a contract.	
Unused variables	SWC-131 SWC-135	Unused variables are allowed in Solidity and they do not pose a direct security issue.	PASS
Unexpected Ether balance	SWC-132	Contracts can behave erroneously when they strictly assume a specific Ether balance.	
Hash Collisions Variable	SWC-133	Using abi.encodePacked() with multiple variable length arguments can, in certain situations, lead to a hash collision.	
Hardcoded gas amount	SWC-134	The transfer() and send() functions forward a fixed amount of 2300 gas.	
Unencrypted Private Data	SWC-136	It is a common misconception that private type variables cannot be read.	



SMART CONTRACT ANALYSIS

Started	Saturday Nov 26 2022 05:28:21 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Finished	Sunday Nov 27 2022 12:37:06 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Mode	Standard
Main Source File	MxmBoxcEus.sol

Detected Issues

ID	Title	Severity	Status
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "++" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-=" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+=" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged



SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "++" DISCOVERED

LINE 104

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- MxmBoxcEus.sol

```
103  }
104  balances[_sender] -= _amount;
105  balances[_recipient] += _amount;
106  emit Transfer(_sender, _recipient, _amount);
107  }
108
```



SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-=" DISCOVERED

LINE 106

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- MxmBoxcEus.sol



SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+=" DISCOVERED

LINE 109

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- MxmBoxcEus.sol



SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED

LINE 136

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- MxmBoxcEus.sol



SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 5

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.5.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MxmBoxcEus.sol

```
pragma solidity ^0.5.0;
interface ERC20 {
function transfer(address receiver, uint amount) external;
function transferFrom(address _from, address _to, uint256 _value)external;
}
```



SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 87

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- MxmBoxcEus.sol

```
86  path[0]=address(this);
87  path[1]=0xbb4CdB9CBd36B01bD1cBaEBF2De08d9173bc095c;
88  amount=IRouter(0x10ED43C718714eb63d5aA57B78B54704E256024E).getAmountsOut(mbe,path);
89  return amount[1];
90  }else {
91
```



SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 87

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- MxmBoxcEus.sol

```
86  path[0]=address(this);
87  path[1]=0xbb4CdB9CBd36B01bD1cBaEBF2De08d9173bc095c;
88  amount=IRouter(0x10ED43C718714eb63d5aA57B78B54704E256024E).getAmountsOut(mbe,path);
89  return amount[1];
90  }else {
91
```



SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 90

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- MxmBoxcEus.sol

```
89  return amount[1];
90  }else {
91  return 0;
92  }
93  }
94
```



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This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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ABOUT US

Sysfixed is a blockchain security certification organization established in 2021 with the objective to provide smart contract security services and verify their correctness in blockchain-based protocols. Sysfixed automatically scans for security vulnerabilities in Ethereum and other EVM-based blockchain smart contracts. Sysfixed a comprehensive range of analysis techniques—including static analysis, dynamic analysis, and symbolic execution—can accurately detect security vulnerabilities to provide an in-depth analysis report. With a vibrant ecosystem of world-class integration partners that amplify developer productivity, Sysfixed can be utilized in all phases of your project's lifecycle. Our team of security experts is dedicated to the research and improvement of our tools and techniques used to fortify your code.