

YetiCoin

Smart Contract Audit Report





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AUDITED DETAILS

Audited Project

Project name	Token ticker	Blockchain	
YetiCoin	YETIC	Ethereum	

Addresses

Contract address	0xdf96bde075d59e9143b325c75af38e208c986e6f	
Contract deployer address	0xE7412E4dE41676aA29E8F1804B128DF92bFf4323	

Project Website

https://yeticoineth.com/

Codebase

https://etherscan.io/address/0xdf96bde075d59e9143b325c75af38e208c986e6f#code



SUMMARY

We are pioneering the M2E (Move2Earn) utility. Earn tokens while you get your fit on!!! We aim to get people moving while partnering with Gyms, Athletes, and different sports organizations to help kids have opportunities they wouldn't normally get. Come check out all the spectacular things we are doing and join us today!!!

Contract Summary

Documentation Quality

YetiCoin provides a very good documentation with standard of solidity base code.

• The technical description is provided clearly and structured and also dont have any high risk issue.

Code Quality

The Overall quality of the basecode is standard.

 Standard solidity basecode and rules are already followed by YetiCoin with the discovery of several low issues.

Test Coverage

Test coverage of the project is 100% (Through Codebase)

Audit Findings Summary

- SWC-100 SWC-108 | Explicitly define visibility for all state variables on lines 358.
- SWC-101 | It is recommended to use vetted safe math libraries for arithmetic operations consistently on lines 34, 66, 89, 90, 125, 161, 337, 337, 337, 338, 338, 361, 361, 361, 361, 362, 362, 362, 362, 544, 550, 557 and 597.
- SWC-103 | Pragma statements can be allowed to float when a contract is intended on lines 6.
- SWC-110 SWC-123 | It is recommended to use of revert(), assert(), and require() in Solidity, and the new REVERT opcode in the EVM on lines 497, 497, 497, 498, 498, 498, 498, 498, 498, 498, 661 and 662.



CONCLUSION

We have audited the YetiCoin project released on November 2021 to discover issues and identify potential security vulnerabilities in YetiCoin Project. This process is used to find technical issues and security loopholes which might be found in the smart contract.

The security audit report provides a satisfactory result with some low-risk issues.

The issues found in the YetiCoin smart contract code do not pose a considerable risk. The writing of the contract is close to the standard of writing contracts in general. The low-risk issues found are some arithmetic operation issues, a floating pragma is set, a state variable visibility is not set and out of bounds array access which the index access expression can cause an exception in case of the use of an invalid array index value.



AUDIT RESULT

Article	Category	Description	Result
Default Visibility	SWC-100 SWC-108	Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.	ISSUE FOUND
Integer Overflow and Underflow	SWC-101	If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.	ISSUE FOUND
Outdated Compiler Version	SWC-102	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.	PASS
Floating Pragma	SWC-103	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.	ISSUE FOUND
Unchecked Call Return Value	SWC-104	The return value of a message call should be checked.	PASS
Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	SWC-105	Due to missing or insufficient access controls, malicious parties can withdraw from the contract.	PASS
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	SWC-106	The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.	PASS
Reentrancy	SWC-107	Check effect interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs recursive call.	PASS
Uninitialized Storage Pointer	SWC-109	Uninitialized local storage variables can point to unexpected storage locations in the contract.	PASS
Assert Violation	SWC-110 SWC-123	Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.	ISSUE FOUND
Deprecated Solidity Functions	SWC-111	Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.	PASS
Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	SWC-112	Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.	PASS



DoS (Denial of Service)	SWC-113 SWC-128	Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.	PASS
Race Conditions	SWC-114	Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.	
Authorization through tx.origin	SWC-115	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	PASS
Block values as a proxy for time	SWC-116	Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.	PASS
Signature Unique ID	SWC-117 SWC-121 SWC-122	Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id.	PASS
Incorrect Constructor Name	SWC-118	Constructors are special functions that are called only once during the contract creation.	PASS
Shadowing State Variable	SWC-119	State variables should not be shadowed.	PASS
Weak Sources of Randomness	SWC-120	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.	PASS
Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	SWC-124	The contract is responsible for ensuring that only authorized user or contract accounts may write to sensitive storage locations.	PASS
Incorrect Inheritance Order	SWC-125	When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order. The rule of thumb is to inherit contracts from more /general/ to more /specific/.	PASS
Insufficient Gas Griefing	SWC-126	Insufficient gas griefing attacks can be performed on contracts which accept data and use it in a sub-call on another contract.	PASS
Arbitrary Jump Function	SWC-127	As Solidity doesnt support pointer arithmetics, it is impossible to change such variable to an arbitrary value.	PASS



Typographical Error	SWC-129	A typographical error can occur for example when the intent of a defined operation is to sum a number to a variable.	PASS
Override control character	SWC-130	Malicious actors can use the Right-To-Left-Override unicode character to force RTL text rendering and confuse users as to the real intent of a contract.	PASS
Unused variables	SWC-131 SWC-135	Unused variables are allowed in Solidity and they do not pose a direct security issue.	PASS
Unexpected Ether balance	SWC-132	Contracts can behave erroneously when they strictly assume a specific Ether balance.	PASS
Hash Collisions Variable	SWC-133	Using abi.encodePacked() with multiple variable length arguments can, in certain situations, lead to a hash collision.	PASS
Hardcoded gas amount	SWC-134	The transfer() and send() functions forward a fixed amount of 2300 gas.	PASS
Unencrypted Private Data	SWC-136	It is a common misconception that private type variables cannot be read.	PASS



SMART CONTRACT ANALYSIS

Started	Tuesday Nov 16 2021 05:20:28 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)		
Finished	Wednesday Nov 17 2021 02:00:04 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Tir	me)	
Mode	Standard		
Main Source File	YetiCoin.sol		

Detected Issues

ID	Title	Severity	Status
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "%" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "%" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged



SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-108	STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.	low	acknowledged



SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
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SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged



LINE 34

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
function add(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (uint256) {
   uint256 c = a + b;
   require(c >= a, "SafeMath: addition overflow");
   return c;
}
```



LINE 66

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
65  require(b <= a, errorMessage);
66  uint256 c = a - b;
67
68  return c;
69  }
70</pre>
```



LINE 89

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
88
89 uint256 c = a * b;
90 require(c / a == b, "SafeMath: multiplication overflow");
91
92 return c;
93
```



LINE 90

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
89  uint256 c = a * b;
90  require(c / a == b, "SafeMath: multiplication overflow");
91
92  return c;
93  }
94
```



LINE 125

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
124  require(b > 0, errorMessage);
125  uint256 c = a / b;
126  // assert(a == b * c + a % b); // There is no case in which this doesn't hold
127
128  return c;
129
```



LINE 161

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
160 require(b != 0, errorMessage);
161 return a % b;
162 }
163 }
164
165
```



LINE 337

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
uint256 private constant MAX = ~uint256(0);
uint256 private _tTotal = 1 * 10**15 * 10**9;
uint256 private _rTotal = (MAX - (MAX % _tTotal));
uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
```



LINE 337

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
uint256 private constant MAX = ~uint256(0);
uint256 private _tTotal = 1 * 10**15 * 10**9;
uint256 private _rTotal = (MAX - (MAX % _tTotal));
uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
```



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uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
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uint256 private constant MAX = ~uint256(0);
uint256 private _tTotal = 1 * 10**15 * 10**9;
uint256 private _rTotal = (MAX - (MAX % _tTotal));
uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
```



LINE 338

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
uint256 private _tTotal = 1 * 10**15 * 10**9;
uint256 private _rTotal = (MAX - (MAX % _tTotal));
uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
string private _name = "YetiCoin";
```



LINE 338

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
uint256 private _tTotal = 1 * 10**15 * 10**9;
uint256 private _rTotal = (MAX - (MAX % _tTotal));
uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
string private _name = "YetiCoin";
```



LINE 361

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
360
361 uint256 public _maxWalletHolding = 25 * 10**12 * 10**9;
362 uint256 private numTokensSellToAddToLiquidity = 9 * 10**12 * 10**9;
363
364 event MinTokensBeforeSwapUpdated(uint256 minTokensBeforeSwap);
365
```



LINE 361

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
360
361 uint256 public _maxWalletHolding = 25 * 10**12 * 10**9;
362 uint256 private numTokensSellToAddToLiquidity = 9 * 10**12 * 10**9;
363
364 event MinTokensBeforeSwapUpdated(uint256 minTokensBeforeSwap);
365
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LINE 361

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Source File

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```
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361  uint256 public _maxWalletHolding = 25 * 10**12 * 10**9;
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363
364  event MinTokensBeforeSwapUpdated(uint256 minTokensBeforeSwap);
365
```



LINE 361

low SEVERITY

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Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
360
361  uint256 public _maxWalletHolding = 25 * 10**12 * 10**9;
362  uint256 private numTokensSellToAddToLiquidity = 9 * 10**12 * 10**9;
363
364  event MinTokensBeforeSwapUpdated(uint256 minTokensBeforeSwap);
365
```



LINE 362

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
uint256 public _maxWalletHolding = 25 * 10**12 * 10**9;
uint256 private numTokensSellToAddToLiquidity = 9 * 10**12 * 10**9;

event MinTokensBeforeSwapUpdated(uint256 minTokensBeforeSwap);

event SwapAndLiquifyEnabledUpdated(bool enabled);

366
```



LINE 362

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
uint256 public _maxWalletHolding = 25 * 10**12 * 10**9;
uint256 private numTokensSellToAddToLiquidity = 9 * 10**12 * 10**9;

event MinTokensBeforeSwapUpdated(uint256 minTokensBeforeSwap);

event SwapAndLiquifyEnabledUpdated(bool enabled);

366
```



LINE 362

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
uint256 public _maxWalletHolding = 25 * 10**12 * 10**9;
uint256 private numTokensSellToAddToLiquidity = 9 * 10**12 * 10**9;

event MinTokensBeforeSwapUpdated(uint256 minTokensBeforeSwap);

event SwapAndLiquifyEnabledUpdated(bool enabled);

366
```



LINE 362

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
uint256 public _maxWalletHolding = 25 * 10**12 * 10**9;
uint256 private numTokensSellToAddToLiquidity = 9 * 10**12 * 10**9;

event MinTokensBeforeSwapUpdated(uint256 minTokensBeforeSwap);

event SwapAndLiquifyEnabledUpdated(bool enabled);

366
```



LINE 544

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
543 return _amount.mul(__reflectFee).div(
544    10**2
545 );
546 }
547
548
```



LINE 550

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
549 return _amount.mul(__liquidityFee).div(
550    10**2
551   );
552  }
553
554
```



LINE 557

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
556    return _amount.mul(operations_fee).div(
557     10**2
558    );
559    }
560
561
```



LINE 597

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
require(amount > 0, "Transfer amount must be greater than zero");
if ((contract_deployed + 30 days) < block.timestamp) {
   __liquidityFee = 0;
   __prev_liquidityFee = 0;
}</pre>
```



SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 6

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.6.12"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
5  // SPDX-License-Identifier: Unlicensed
6  pragma solidity ^0.6.12;
7  
8  /**
9  * @dev Wrappers over Solidity's arithmetic operations with added overflow
10
```



SWC-108 | STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.

LINE 358

low SEVERITY

It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "inSwapAndLiquify" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
357
358 bool inSwapAndLiquify;
359 bool public swapAndLiquifyEnabled = true;
360
361 uint256 public _maxWalletHolding = 25 * 10**12 * 10**9;
362
```



LINE 497

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
496    uint256[4] memory tValues = _getTValuesArray(tAmount);
497    uint256[3] memory rValues = _getRValuesArray(tAmount, tValues[1], tValues[2],
tValues[3]);
498    return (rValues[0], rValues[1], rValues[2], tValues[0], tValues[1], tValues[2],
tValues[3]);
499  }
500
501
```



LINE 497

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
496    uint256[4] memory tValues = _getTValuesArray(tAmount);
497    uint256[3] memory rValues = _getRValuesArray(tAmount, tValues[1], tValues[2],
tValues[3]);
498    return (rValues[0], rValues[1], rValues[2], tValues[0], tValues[1], tValues[2],
tValues[3]);
499  }
500
501
```



LINE 497

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
496    uint256[4] memory tValues = _getTValuesArray(tAmount);
497    uint256[3] memory rValues = _getRValuesArray(tAmount, tValues[1], tValues[2],
tValues[3]);
498    return (rValues[0], rValues[1], rValues[2], tValues[0], tValues[1], tValues[2],
tValues[3]);
499  }
500
501
```



LINE 498

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
497  uint256[3] memory rValues = _getRValuesArray(tAmount, tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
498  return (rValues[0], rValues[1], rValues[2], tValues[0], tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
499  }
500
501  function _getTValuesArray(uint256 tAmount) private view returns (uint256[4] memory
  val) {
502
```



LINE 498

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
497  uint256[3] memory rValues = _getRValuesArray(tAmount, tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
498  return (rValues[0], rValues[1], rValues[2], tValues[0], tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
499  }
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501  function _getTValuesArray(uint256 tAmount) private view returns (uint256[4] memory
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```



LINE 498

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The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

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497  uint256[3] memory rValues = _getRValuesArray(tAmount, tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
498  return (rValues[0], rValues[1], rValues[2], tValues[0], tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
499  }
500
501  function _getTValuesArray(uint256 tAmount) private view returns (uint256[4] memory
  val) {
502
```



LINE 498

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
497  uint256[3] memory rValues = _getRValuesArray(tAmount, tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
498  return (rValues[0], rValues[1], rValues[2], tValues[0], tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
499  }
500
501  function _getTValuesArray(uint256 tAmount) private view returns (uint256[4] memory
  val) {
502
```



LINE 498

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
497  uint256[3] memory rValues = _getRValuesArray(tAmount, tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
498  return (rValues[0], rValues[1], rValues[2], tValues[0], tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
499  }
500
501  function _getTValuesArray(uint256 tAmount) private view returns (uint256[4] memory
  val) {
502
```



LINE 498

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
497  uint256[3] memory rValues = _getRValuesArray(tAmount, tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
498  return (rValues[0], rValues[1], rValues[2], tValues[0], tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
499  }
500
501  function _getTValuesArray(uint256 tAmount) private view returns (uint256[4] memory
  val) {
502
```



LINE 498

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
497  uint256[3] memory rValues = _getRValuesArray(tAmount, tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
498  return (rValues[0], rValues[1], rValues[2], tValues[0], tValues[1], tValues[2],
  tValues[3]);
499  }
500
501  function _getTValuesArray(uint256 tAmount) private view returns (uint256[4] memory
  val) {
502
```



LINE 661

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
address[] memory path = new address[](2);
path[0] = address(this);
path[1] = uniswapV2Router.WETH();

address(this), address(uniswapV2Router), tokenAmount);

address(this), address(uniswapV2Router), tokenAmount);
```



LINE 662

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- YetiCoin.sol

```
661 path[0] = address(this);
662 path[1] = uniswapV2Router.WETH();
663
664 _approve(address(this), address(uniswapV2Router), tokenAmount);
665
666
```



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Sysfixed is a blockchain security certification organization established in 2021 with the objective to provide smart contract security services and verify their correctness in blockchain-based protocols. Sysfixed automatically scans for security vulnerabilities in Ethereum and other EVM-based blockchain smart contracts. Sysfixed a comprehensive range of analysis techniques—including static analysis, dynamic analysis, and symbolic execution—can accurately detect security vulnerabilities to provide an in-depth analysis report. With a vibrant ecosystem of world-class integration partners that amplify developer productivity, Sysfixed can be utilized in all phases of your project's lifecycle. Our team of security experts is dedicated to the research and improvement of our tools and techniques used to fortify your code.