



Decentral ART Smart Contract Audit Report

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AUDITED DETAILS

Audited Project

Project name	Token ticker	Blockchain
Decentral ART	ART	Ethereum

Addresses

Contract address	0x570936840fA942C96ca4C57A170dDa494DD9B9C6
Contract deployer address	0xdD5775D8F839bDEEc91a0f7E47f3423752Ed6e4F

Project Website

https://uni.decentral-art.com/

Codebase

https://etherscan.io/address/0x570936840fA942C96ca4C57A170dDa494DD9B9C6#code

SUMMARY

ART is used to trade NFT tokens on the uni.decentral-ART platform. It allows you to trade works of art between Artists and collectors. It is used to receive rewards for collecting NFT, it is also used to earn money by sharing on social media images that users like, without having to invest.

Contract Summary

Documentation Quality

Decentral ART provides a very good documentation with standard of solidity base code.

- The technical description is provided clearly and structured and also don't have any high risk issue.

Code Quality

The Overall quality of the basecode is standard.

- Standard solidity basecode and rules are already followed by Decentral ART with the discovery of several low issues.

Test Coverage

Test coverage of the project is 100% (Through Codebase)

Audit Findings Summary

- SWC-100 SWC-108 | Explicitly define visibility for all state variables on lines 601, 606, 607, 610, 611 and 613.
- SWC-103 | Pragma statements can be allowed to float when a contract is intended on lines 5.
- SWC-110 SWC-123 | It is recommended to use of `revert()`, `assert()`, and `require()` in Solidity, and the new REVERT opcode in the EVM on lines 730.

CONCLUSION

We have audited the Decentral ART project released on December 2022 to discover issues and identify potential security vulnerabilities in Decentral ART Project. This process is used to find technical issues and security loopholes which might be found in the smart contract.

The security audit report provides a satisfactory result with some low-risk issues.

The issues found in the Decentral ART smart contract code do not pose a considerable risk. The writing of the contract is close to the standard of writing contracts in general. The low-risk issues found are a floating pragma is set, a state variable visibility is not set and a requirement was violated in a nested call and the call was reverted as a result. Make sure valid inputs are provided to the nested call (for instance, via passed arguments).

AUDIT RESULT

Article	Category	Description	Result
Default Visibility	SWC-100 SWC-108	Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.	ISSUE FOUND
Integer Overflow and Underflow	SWC-101	If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.	PASS
Outdated Compiler Version	SWC-102	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.	PASS
Floating Pragma	SWC-103	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.	ISSUE FOUND
Unchecked Call Return Value	SWC-104	The return value of a message call should be checked.	PASS
Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	SWC-105	Due to missing or insufficient access controls, malicious parties can withdraw from the contract.	PASS
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	SWC-106	The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.	PASS
Reentrancy	SWC-107	Check effect interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs recursive call.	PASS
Uninitialized Storage Pointer	SWC-109	Uninitialized local storage variables can point to unexpected storage locations in the contract.	PASS
Assert Violation	SWC-110 SWC-123	Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.	ISSUE FOUND
Deprecated Solidity Functions	SWC-111	Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.	PASS
Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	SWC-112	Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.	PASS

DoS (Denial of Service)	SWC-113 SWC-128	Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.	PASS
Race Conditions	SWC-114	Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.	PASS
Authorization through tx.origin	SWC-115	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	PASS
Block values as a proxy for time	SWC-116	Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.	PASS
Signature Unique ID	SWC-117 SWC-121 SWC-122	Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id.	PASS
Incorrect Constructor Name	SWC-118	Constructors are special functions that are called only once during the contract creation.	PASS
Shadowing State Variable	SWC-119	State variables should not be shadowed.	PASS
Weak Sources of Randomness	SWC-120	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.	PASS
Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	SWC-124	The contract is responsible for ensuring that only authorized user or contract accounts may write to sensitive storage locations.	PASS
Incorrect Inheritance Order	SWC-125	When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order. The rule of thumb is to inherit contracts from more /general/ to more /specific/.	PASS
Insufficient Gas Griefing	SWC-126	Insufficient gas grieving attacks can be performed on contracts which accept data and use it in a sub-call on another contract.	PASS
Arbitrary Jump Function	SWC-127	As Solidity doesnt support pointer arithmetics, it is impossible to change such variable to an arbitrary value.	PASS

Typographical Error	SWC-129	A typographical error can occur for example when the intent of a defined operation is to sum a number to a variable.	PASS
Override control character	SWC-130	Malicious actors can use the Right-To-Left-Override unicode character to force RTL text rendering and confuse users as to the real intent of a contract.	PASS
Unused variables	SWC-131 SWC-135	Unused variables are allowed in Solidity and they do not pose a direct security issue.	PASS
Unexpected Ether balance	SWC-132	Contracts can behave erroneously when they strictly assume a specific Ether balance.	PASS
Hash Collisions Variable	SWC-133	Using abi.encodePacked() with multiple variable length arguments can, in certain situations, lead to a hash collision.	PASS
Hardcoded gas amount	SWC-134	The transfer() and send() functions forward a fixed amount of 2300 gas.	PASS
Unencrypted Private Data	SWC-136	It is a common misconception that private type variables cannot be read.	PASS

SMART CONTRACT ANALYSIS

Started	Thursday Dec 08 2022 08:40:07 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Finished	Friday Dec 09 2022 03:48:19 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Mode	Standard
Main Source File	ERC223ART.sol

Detected Issues

ID	Title	Severity	Status
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-108	STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.	low	acknowledged
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SWC-108	STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-108	STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-123	REQUIREMENT VIOLATION.	low	acknowledged

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 5

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is `""^0.8.0""`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- ERC223ART.sol

Locations

```
4
5  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
6
7
8  // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
9
```

SWC-108 | STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.

LINE 601

low SEVERITY

It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "presaleInphases" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

Source File

- ERC223ART.sol

Locations

```
600
601  uint presaleInphases = (250+4500+885+1775+2100+2350+3430+4430) * 10**23;
602  uint public tokenPhase = 0;
603  uint[] public tokenPrice = [10, 12, 32, 42, 52, 64, 85, 290];
604  uint[] public tokensInPhase = [250*10**23, 4500*10**23, 885*10**23, 1775*10**23,
2100*10**23, 2350*10**23, 3430*10**23, 4430*10**23];
605
```

SWC-108 | STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.

LINE 606

low SEVERITY

It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "totalBuyPresale" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

Source File

- ERC223ART.sol

Locations

```

605     uint public decentralAirdropAmount = 10927000000000000000000;
606     uint totalBuyPresale = 0;
607     mapping(address => uint) bought;
608     mapping(address => uint) public    decentralPaid;
609
610

```

SWC-108 | STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.

LINE 607

low SEVERITY

It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "buyed" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

Source File

- ERC223ART.sol

Locations

```
606  uint totalBuyPresale = 0;
607  mapping(address => uint) buyed;
608  mapping(address => uint) public decentralPayed;
609
610  address uni;
611
```

SWC-108 | STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.

LINE 610

low SEVERITY

It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "uni" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

Source File

- ERC223ART.sol

Locations

```
609
610  address uni;
611  uint totalBuyAddresses = 0;
612  uint[] public airdropBank = [1500*10**21, 750*10**21];
613  uint8 airdropIndex = 0;
614
```

SWC-108 | STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.

LINE 611

low SEVERITY

It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "totalBuyAddresses" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

Source File

- ERC223ART.sol

Locations

```
610 address uni;  
611 uint totalBuyAddresses = 0;  
612 uint[] public airdropBank = [1500*10**21, 750*10**21];  
613 uint8 airdropIndex = 0;  
614  
615
```

SWC-108 | STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.

LINE 613

low SEVERITY

It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "airdropIndex" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

Source File

- ERC223ART.sol

Locations

```
612  uint[] public airdropBank = [1500*10**21, 750*10**21];
613  uint8 airdropIndex = 0;
614
615  struct AirDropValues {
616    bool airdropPercent1;
617
```


SWC-123 | REQUIREMENT VIOLATION.

LINE 730

low SEVERITY

A requirement was violated in a nested call and the call was reverted as a result. Make sure valid inputs are provided to the nested call (for instance, via passed arguments).

Source File

- ERC223ART.sol

Locations

```
729     if(bank > want) {  
730         ERC223(address(this)).transfer(sender, want);  
731         return (want);  
732     } else {  
733         ERC223(address(this)).transfer(sender, bank);  
734     }
```

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This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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Sysfixed is a blockchain security certification organization established in 2021 with the objective to provide smart contract security services and verify their correctness in blockchain-based protocols. Sysfixed automatically scans for security vulnerabilities in Ethereum and other EVM-based blockchain smart contracts. Sysfixed a comprehensive range of analysis techniques—including static analysis, dynamic analysis, and symbolic execution—can accurately detect security vulnerabilities to provide an in-depth analysis report. With a vibrant ecosystem of world-class integration partners that amplify developer productivity, Sysfixed can be utilized in all phases of your project's lifecycle. Our team of security experts is dedicated to the research and improvement of our tools and techniques used to fortify your code.