



Katana Inu

Smart Contract Audit Report

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AUDITED DETAILS

Audited Project

Project name	Token ticker	Blockchain
Katana Inu	KATA	Ethereum

Addresses

Contract address	0x2e85ae1C47602f7927bCabc2Ff99C40aA222aE15
Contract deployer address	0xe84973E6AD850540db6d76DEC904f54a064F1867

Project Website

<https://katanainu.com/>

Codebase

<https://etherscan.io/address/0x2e85ae1C47602f7927bCabc2Ff99C40aA222aE15#code>

SUMMARY

Katana Inu is an open-world Battle Royal play-to-earn game that promises to mix up the GameFi space with high-end graphics, photorealistic visuals, usable 3D characters, and weapon models that can be minted as NFTs. Players will be able to enjoy all the features of classic play-to-earn games like hunting and discovering loot boxes they can sell on the games marketplace. Moreover, users will be able to participate in monthly tournaments, and follow games via streaming on Twitch and YouTube.

Contract Summary

Documentation Quality

Katana Inu provides a very good documentation with standard of solidity base code.

- The technical description is provided clearly and structured and also don't have any high risk issue.

Code Quality

The Overall quality of the basecode is standard.

- Standard solidity basecode and rules are already followed by Katana Inu with the discovery of several low issues.

Test Coverage

Test coverage of the project is 100% (Through Codebase)

Audit Findings Summary

- SWC-101 | It is recommended to use vetted safe math libraries for arithmetic operations consistently on lines 35, 35, 35, 35, 65, 66, 179, 198, 220, 251 and 253.
- SWC-103 | Pragma statements can be allowed to float when a contract is intended on lines 2.
- SWC-110 SWC-123 | It is recommended to use of revert(), assert(), and require() in Solidity, and the new REVERT opcode in the EVM on lines 66, 68, 70, 70, 72 and 72.

CONCLUSION

We have audited the Katana Inu project released on December 2021 to discover issues and identify potential security vulnerabilities in Katana Inu Project. This process is used to find technical issues and security loopholes which might be found in the smart contract.

The security audit report provides a satisfactory result with some low-risk issues.

The issues found in the Katana Inu smart contract code do not pose a considerable risk. The writing of the contract is close to the standard of writing contracts in general. The low-risk issues found are some arithmetic operation issues, a floating pragma is set and out of bounds array access which the index access expression can cause an exception in case of the use of an invalid array index value.

AUDIT RESULT

Article	Category	Description	Result
Default Visibility	SWC-100 SWC-108	Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.	PASS
Integer Overflow and Underflow	SWC-101	If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.	ISSUE FOUND
Outdated Compiler Version	SWC-102	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.	PASS
Floating Pragma	SWC-103	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.	ISSUE FOUND
Unchecked Call Return Value	SWC-104	The return value of a message call should be checked.	PASS
Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	SWC-105	Due to missing or insufficient access controls, malicious parties can withdraw from the contract.	PASS
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	SWC-106	The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.	PASS
Reentrancy	SWC-107	Check effect interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs recursive call.	PASS
Uninitialized Storage Pointer	SWC-109	Uninitialized local storage variables can point to unexpected storage locations in the contract.	PASS
Assert Violation	SWC-110 SWC-123	Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.	ISSUE FOUND
Deprecated Solidity Functions	SWC-111	Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.	PASS
Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	SWC-112	Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.	PASS

DoS (Denial of Service)	SWC-113 SWC-128	Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.	PASS
Race Conditions	SWC-114	Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.	PASS
Authorization through tx.origin	SWC-115	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	PASS
Block values as a proxy for time	SWC-116	Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.	PASS
Signature Unique ID	SWC-117 SWC-121 SWC-122	Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id.	PASS
Incorrect Constructor Name	SWC-118	Constructors are special functions that are called only once during the contract creation.	PASS
Shadowing State Variable	SWC-119	State variables should not be shadowed.	PASS
Weak Sources of Randomness	SWC-120	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.	PASS
Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	SWC-124	The contract is responsible for ensuring that only authorized user or contract accounts may write to sensitive storage locations.	PASS
Incorrect Inheritance Order	SWC-125	When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order. The rule of thumb is to inherit contracts from more /general/ to more /specific/.	PASS
Insufficient Gas Griefing	SWC-126	Insufficient gas grieving attacks can be performed on contracts which accept data and use it in a sub-call on another contract.	PASS
Arbitrary Jump Function	SWC-127	As Solidity doesnt support pointer arithmetics, it is impossible to change such variable to an arbitrary value.	PASS

Typographical Error	SWC-129	A typographical error can occur for example when the intent of a defined operation is to sum a number to a variable.	PASS
Override control character	SWC-130	Malicious actors can use the Right-To-Left-Override unicode character to force RTL text rendering and confuse users as to the real intent of a contract.	PASS
Unused variables	SWC-131 SWC-135	Unused variables are allowed in Solidity and they do not pose a direct security issue.	PASS
Unexpected Ether balance	SWC-132	Contracts can behave erroneously when they strictly assume a specific Ether balance.	PASS
Hash Collisions Variable	SWC-133	Using abi.encodePacked() with multiple variable length arguments can, in certain situations, lead to a hash collision.	PASS
Hardcoded gas amount	SWC-134	The transfer() and send() functions forward a fixed amount of 2300 gas.	PASS
Unencrypted Private Data	SWC-136	It is a common misconception that private type variables cannot be read.	PASS

SMART CONTRACT ANALYSIS

Started	Tuesday Dec 21 2021 19:26:20 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Finished	Wednesday Dec 22 2021 12:22:14 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Mode	Standard
Main Source File	KATA.sol

Detected Issues

ID	Title	Severity	Status
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "++" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+=" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+=" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
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SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED

LINE 35

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
34
35  uint256 private constant _totalSupply = 50 * (10 ** 9) * (10 ** 18);      // 50
Billion
36
37  string private constant _name = "Katana Inu";
38  string private constant _symbol = "KATA";
39
```

SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED

LINE 35

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
34
35  uint256 private constant _totalSupply = 50 * (10 ** 9) * (10 ** 18);      // 50
Billion
36
37  string private constant _name = "Katana Inu";
38  string private constant _symbol = "KATA";
39
```

SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED

LINE 35

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
34
35  uint256 private constant _totalSupply = 50 * (10 ** 9) * (10 ** 18);      // 50
Billion
36
37  string private constant _name = "Katana Inu";
38  string private constant _symbol = "KATA";
39
```

SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED

LINE 35

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
34
35  uint256 private constant _totalSupply = 50 * (10 ** 9) * (10 ** 18);      // 50
Billion
36
37  string private constant _name = "Katana Inu";
38  string private constant _symbol = "KATA";
39
```

SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "++" DISCOVERED

LINE 65

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
64  uint256 totalTokens = 0;
65  for (uint256 i = 0; i < addr.length; i++) {
66    totalTokens += tokens[i];
67
68    require(addr[i] != address(0), "addr must contain valid addresses");
69  }
```

SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+=" DISCOVERED

LINE 66

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
65   for (uint256 i = 0; i < addr.length; i++) {  
66     totalTokens += tokens[i];  
67  
68     require(addr[i] != address(0), "addr must contain valid addresses");  
69  
70
```


SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED

LINE 179

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
178     unchecked {  
179         _approve(sender, msg.sender, currentAllowance - amount);  
180     }  
181  
182     return true;  
183
```

SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED

LINE 198

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
197  function increaseAllowance(address spender, uint256 addedValue) external returns
      (bool) {
198      _approve(msg.sender, spender, _allowances[msg.sender][spender] + addedValue);
199      return true;
200  }
201
202
```

SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED

LINE 220

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
219     unchecked {  
220         _approve(msg.sender, spender, currentAllowance - subtractedValue);  
221     }  
222  
223     return true;  
224
```

SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED

LINE 251

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
250     unchecked {  
251         _balances[sender] = senderBalance - amount;  
252     }  
253     _balances[recipient] += amount;  
254  
255
```

SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+=" DISCOVERED

LINE 253

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
252  }  
253  _balances[recipient] += amount;  
254  
255  emit Transfer(sender, recipient, amount);  
256  }  
257
```

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 2

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is `""^0.8.0""`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2 pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
3
4 /**
5  * @dev Implementation of the {IERC20} interface.
6
```

SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 66

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
65   for (uint256 i = 0; i < addr.length; i++) {  
66     totalTokens += tokens[i];  
67   }  
68   require(addr[i] != address(0), "addr must contain valid addresses");  
69  
70
```

SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 68

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
67
68   require(addr[s[i]] != address(0), "addr must contain valid addresses");
69
70   _balances[addr[s[i]]] = tokens[i];
71
72
```


SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 70

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
69
70  _balances[addrs[i]] = tokens[i];
71
72  emit Transfer(address(0), addrs[i], tokens[i]);
73  }
74
```

SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 70

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
69
70  _balances[addrs[i]] = tokens[i];
71
72  emit Transfer(address(0), addrs[i], tokens[i]);
73  }
74
```

SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 72

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
71
72  emit Transfer(address(0), addrs[i], tokens[i]);
73  }
74
75  require(totalTokens == _totalSupply, "total tokens must be totalSupply");
76
```

SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 72

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- KATA.sol

Locations

```
71
72  emit Transfer(address(0), addrs[i], tokens[i]);
73  }
74
75  require(totalTokens == _totalSupply, "total tokens must be totalSupply");
76
```

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This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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