



Galaxy Gem  
Smart Contract  
Audit Report

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# AUDITED DETAILS

## Audited Project

Project name	Token ticker	Blockchain
Galaxy Gem	GGM	Binance Smart Chain

## Addresses

Contract address	0x4301a638fcb45c4bb65230b87f3797c213f832b8
Contract deployer address	0x28bebaD3077A1a3C0b7e94AB0651CAcbC5787a33

## Project Website

<https://www.playmonstergalaxy.com/>

## Codebase

<https://bscscan.com/address/0x4301a638fcb45c4bb65230b87f3797c213f832b8#code>

# SUMMARY

MONSTER GALAXY, the hit mobile game series inspired by Pokémon and Monster Hunter, was first released back in 2011. And since then, over 25 million players from all around the world have become part of the loyal Monster Galaxy fanbase. In MONSTER GALAXY, players journey through the land of Sunshire, using special items and power-ups to win challenging battles and tame charming creatures known as Moga. Players are tasked with growing their team of tamed Moga and using their Moga's unique zodiac-based attacks to defeat foes and help the friends they encounter on their travels in this vast adventure-filled world

## Contract Summary

### Documentation Quality

Galaxy Gem provides a very good documentation with standard of solidity base code.

- The technical description is provided clearly and structured and also don't have any high risk issue.

### Code Quality

The Overall quality of the basecode is standard.

- Standard solidity basecode and rules are already followed by Galaxy Gem with the discovery of several low issues.

### Test Coverage

Test coverage of the project is 100% ( Through Codebase )

## Audit Findings Summary

- SWC-100 SWC-108 | Explicitly define visibility for all state variables on lines 499.
- SWC-103 | Pragma statements can be allowed to float when a contract is intended on lines 5, 32, 108 and 264.

# CONCLUSION

We have audited the Galaxy Gem project released on January 2022 to discover issues and identify potential security vulnerabilities in Galaxy Gem Project. This process is used to find technical issues and security loopholes which might be found in the smart contract.

The security audit report provides satisfactory results with low-risk issues.

The issues found in the Galaxy Gem smart contract code do not pose a considerable risk. The writing of the contract is close to the standard of writing contracts in general. The low-risk issue found is a floating pragma is set, and state variable visibility is not set. The current pragma Solidity directive is `^0.5.0`. Specifying a fixed compiler version is recommended to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code. State variable visibility is not set, the best practice is to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "core" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

# AUDIT RESULT

Article	Category	Description	Result
Default Visibility	SWC-100 SWC-108	Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.	<b>ISSUE FOUND</b>
Integer Overflow and Underflow	SWC-101	If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.	<b>PASS</b>
Outdated Compiler Version	SWC-102	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.	<b>PASS</b>
Floating Pragma	SWC-103	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.	<b>ISSUE FOUND</b>
Unchecked Call Return Value	SWC-104	The return value of a message call should be checked.	<b>PASS</b>
Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	SWC-105	Due to missing or insufficient access controls, malicious parties can withdraw from the contract.	<b>PASS</b>
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	SWC-106	The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.	<b>PASS</b>
Reentrancy	SWC-107	Check effect interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs recursive call.	<b>PASS</b>
Uninitialized Storage Pointer	SWC-109	Uninitialized local storage variables can point to unexpected storage locations in the contract.	<b>PASS</b>
Assert Violation	SWC-110 SWC-123	Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.	<b>PASS</b>
Deprecated Solidity Functions	SWC-111	Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.	<b>PASS</b>
Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	SWC-112	Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.	<b>PASS</b>

DoS (Denial of Service)	SWC-113 SWC-128	Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.	PASS
Race Conditions	SWC-114	Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.	PASS
Authorization through tx.origin	SWC-115	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	PASS
Block values as a proxy for time	SWC-116	Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.	PASS
Signature Unique ID	SWC-117 SWC-121 SWC-122	Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id.	PASS
Incorrect Constructor Name	SWC-118	Constructors are special functions that are called only once during the contract creation.	PASS
Shadowing State Variable	SWC-119	State variables should not be shadowed.	PASS
Weak Sources of Randomness	SWC-120	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.	PASS
Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	SWC-124	The contract is responsible for ensuring that only authorized user or contract accounts may write to sensitive storage locations.	PASS
Incorrect Inheritance Order	SWC-125	When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order. The rule of thumb is to inherit contracts from more /general/ to more /specific/.	PASS
Insufficient Gas Griefing	SWC-126	Insufficient gas griefing attacks can be performed on contracts which accept data and use it in a sub-call on another contract.	PASS
Arbitrary Jump Function	SWC-127	As Solidity doesnt support pointer arithmetics, it is impossible to change such variable to an arbitrary value.	PASS

Typographical Error	SWC-129	A typographical error can occur for example when the intent of a defined operation is to sum a number to a variable.	PASS
Override control character	SWC-130	Malicious actors can use the Right-To-Left-Override unicode character to force RTL text rendering and confuse users as to the real intent of a contract.	PASS
Unused variables	SWC-131 SWC-135	Unused variables are allowed in Solidity and they do not pose a direct security issue.	PASS
Unexpected Ether balance	SWC-132	Contracts can behave erroneously when they strictly assume a specific Ether balance.	PASS
Hash Collisions Variable	SWC-133	Using <code>abi.encodePacked()</code> with multiple variable length arguments can, in certain situations, lead to a hash collision.	PASS
Hardcoded gas amount	SWC-134	The <code>transfer()</code> and <code>send()</code> functions forward a fixed amount of 2300 gas.	PASS
Unencrypted Private Data	SWC-136	It is a common misconception that private type variables cannot be read.	PASS



# SMART CONTRACT ANALYSIS

Started	Saturday Jan 08 2022 13:22:48 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Finished	Sunday Jan 09 2022 08:24:15 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Mode	Standard
Main Source File	ERC20Token.sol

## Detected Issues

ID	Title	Severity	Status
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-108	STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.	low	acknowledged

## SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 5

### low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.5.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

### Source File

- ERC20Token.sol

### Locations

```
4
5  pragma solidity ^0.5.0;
6
7  /*
8   * @dev Provides information about the current execution context, including the
9
```

## SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 32

### low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.5.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

### Source File

- ERC20Token.sol

### Locations

```
31  }
32  pragma solidity ^0.5.0;
33
34  /**
35   * @dev Interface of the ERC20 standard as defined in the EIP. Does not include
36
```

## SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 108

### low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is `^0.5.0`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

### Source File

- ERC20Token.sol

### Locations

```
107  }
108  pragma solidity ^0.5.0;
109
110  /**
111   * @dev Wrappers over Solidity's arithmetic operations with added overflow
112  */
```

## SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 264

### low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.5.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

### Source File

- ERC20Token.sol

### Locations

```
263     }  
264     pragma solidity ^0.5.0;  
265  
266  
267     /**  
268
```

## SWC-108 | STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.

LINE 499

### low SEVERITY

It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "core" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

### Source File

- ERC20Token.sol

### Locations

```
498
499  address core=msg.sender;
500  event SET_CORE(address indexed core, address indexed _core);
501  modifier onlyCore() {
502  require(msg.sender == core, "Not Authorized");
503
```

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This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn’t say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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## ABOUT US

Sysfixed is a blockchain security certification organization established in 2021 with the objective to provide smart contract security services and verify their correctness in blockchain-based protocols. Sysfixed automatically scans for security vulnerabilities in Ethereum and other EVM-based blockchain smart contracts. Sysfixed a comprehensive range of analysis techniques—including static analysis, dynamic analysis, and symbolic execution—can accurately detect security vulnerabilities to provide an in-depth analysis report. With a vibrant ecosystem of world-class integration partners that amplify developer productivity, Sysfixed can be utilized in all phases of your project's lifecycle. Our team of security experts is dedicated to the research and improvement of our tools and techniques used to fortify your code.