



MILL

Smart Contract Audit Report

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AUDITED DETAILS

Audited Project

Project name	Token ticker	Blockchain
MILL	MILL	Binance Smart Chain

Addresses

Contract address	0x828c8218fec3aa5933f64006f5677eeba9c22e88
Contract deployer address	0xbf5Ff519093806d2bE75001a87fe0839D2DA4764

Project Website

<https://bill-mill.com/pages/tokens>

Codebase

<https://bscscan.com/address/0x828c8218fec3aa5933f64006f5677eeba9c22e88#code>

SUMMARY

The Bill-Mill search engine is a computer system designed to search for text and visual information while maintaining the privacy of searching the World Wide Web. Users enter search queries and receive generated results pages containing the specified keywords. The search system "Bill-Mill" is created in Ukraine for users worldwide. "Bill-Mill" is a part of a large-scale information platform, thanks to which Ukraine declares its digital and intellectual potential in the circle of more technological and developed countries.

Contract Summary

Documentation Quality

MILL provides a very good documentation with standard of solidity base code.

- The technical description is provided clearly and structured and also don't have any high risk issue.

Code Quality

The Overall quality of the basecode is standard.

- Standard solidity basecode and rules are already followed by MILL with the discovery of several low issues.

Test Coverage

Test coverage of the project is 100% (Through Codebase)

Audit Findings Summary

- SWC-103 | Pragma statements can be allowed to float when a contract is intended on lines 22, 106, 135, 161, 514, 556, 624, 695, 784, 852, 875, 900 and 1120.

CONCLUSION

We have audited the MILL project released on November 2021 to discover issues and identify potential security vulnerabilities in MILL Project. This process is used to find technical issues and security loopholes which might be found in the smart contract.

The security audit report provides satisfactory results with low-risk issues.

The issues found in the MILL smart contract code do not pose a considerable risk. The writing of the contract is close to the standard of writing contracts in general. The low-risk issue found is a floating pragma is set. The current pragma Solidity directive is `^0.8.0`. Specifying a fixed compiler version is recommended to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

AUDIT RESULT

Article	Category	Description	Result
Default Visibility	SWC-100 SWC-108	Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.	PASS
Integer Overflow and Underflow	SWC-101	If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.	PASS
Outdated Compiler Version	SWC-102	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.	PASS
Floating Pragma	SWC-103	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.	ISSUE FOUND
Unchecked Call Return Value	SWC-104	The return value of a message call should be checked.	PASS
Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	SWC-105	Due to missing or insufficient access controls, malicious parties can withdraw from the contract.	PASS
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	SWC-106	The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.	PASS
Reentrancy	SWC-107	Check effect interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs recursive call.	PASS
Uninitialized Storage Pointer	SWC-109	Uninitialized local storage variables can point to unexpected storage locations in the contract.	PASS
Assert Violation	SWC-110 SWC-123	Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.	PASS
Deprecated Solidity Functions	SWC-111	Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.	PASS
Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	SWC-112	Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.	PASS

DoS (Denial of Service)	SWC-113 SWC-128	Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.	PASS
Race Conditions	SWC-114	Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.	PASS
Authorization through tx.origin	SWC-115	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	PASS
Block values as a proxy for time	SWC-116	Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.	PASS
Signature Unique ID	SWC-117 SWC-121 SWC-122	Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id.	PASS
Incorrect Constructor Name	SWC-118	Constructors are special functions that are called only once during the contract creation.	PASS
Shadowing State Variable	SWC-119	State variables should not be shadowed.	PASS
Weak Sources of Randomness	SWC-120	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.	PASS
Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	SWC-124	The contract is responsible for ensuring that only authorized user or contract accounts may write to sensitive storage locations.	PASS
Incorrect Inheritance Order	SWC-125	When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order. The rule of thumb is to inherit contracts from more /general/ to more /specific/.	PASS
Insufficient Gas Griefing	SWC-126	Insufficient gas griefing attacks can be performed on contracts which accept data and use it in a sub-call on another contract.	PASS
Arbitrary Jump Function	SWC-127	As Solidity doesnt support pointer arithmetics, it is impossible to change such variable to an arbitrary value.	PASS

Typographical Error	SWC-129	A typographical error can occur for example when the intent of a defined operation is to sum a number to a variable.	PASS
Override control character	SWC-130	Malicious actors can use the Right-To-Left-Override unicode character to force RTL text rendering and confuse users as to the real intent of a contract.	PASS
Unused variables	SWC-131 SWC-135	Unused variables are allowed in Solidity and they do not pose a direct security issue.	PASS
Unexpected Ether balance	SWC-132	Contracts can behave erroneously when they strictly assume a specific Ether balance.	PASS
Hash Collisions Variable	SWC-133	Using <code>abi.encodePacked()</code> with multiple variable length arguments can, in certain situations, lead to a hash collision.	PASS
Hardcoded gas amount	SWC-134	The <code>transfer()</code> and <code>send()</code> functions forward a fixed amount of 2300 gas.	PASS
Unencrypted Private Data	SWC-136	It is a common misconception that private type variables cannot be read.	PASS

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 22

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
21
22  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
23
24  /**
25   * @dev Interface of the BEP20 standard as defined in the EIP.
26
```

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 106

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is `""^0.8.0""`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
105
106  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
107
108
109  /**
110
```

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 135

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
134
135  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
136
137  /**
138   * @dev Provides information about the current execution context, including the
139
```

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 161

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
160
161  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
162
163
164
165
```

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 514

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
513
514  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
515
516
517
518
```

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 556

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is `""^0.8.0""`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
555
556  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
557
558
559  /**
560
```

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 624

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is `""^0.8.0""`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
623
624  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
625
626
627  /**
628
```


SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 695

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
694
695  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
696
697  /**
698   * @dev External interface of AccessControl declared to support BEP165 detection.
699
```

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 784

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
783
784  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
785
786  /**
787   * @dev String operations.
788
```

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 852

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is `""^0.8.0""`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
851
852  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
853
854  /**
855   * @dev Interface of the BEP165 standard, as defined in the
856
```

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 875

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is `""^0.8.0""`. It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
874
875  pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
876
877  /**
878   * @dev Implementation of the {IBEP165} interface.
879
```

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 900

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
899
900 pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
901
902 /**
903  * @dev Contract module that allows children to implement role-based access
904
```

SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 1120

low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.2"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- MILLToken.sol

Locations

```
1119
1120  pragma solidity ^0.8.2;
1121
1122  contract MILLToken is BEP20, BEP20Burnable, Pausable, Ownable,AccessControl {
1123
1124
```

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This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn’t say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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Sysfixed is a blockchain security certification organization established in 2021 with the objective to provide smart contract security services and verify their correctness in blockchain-based protocols. Sysfixed automatically scans for security vulnerabilities in Ethereum and other EVM-based blockchain smart contracts. Sysfixed a comprehensive range of analysis techniques—including static analysis, dynamic analysis, and symbolic execution—can accurately detect security vulnerabilities to provide an in-depth analysis report. With a vibrant ecosystem of world-class integration partners that amplify developer productivity, Sysfixed can be utilized in all phases of your project's lifecycle. Our team of security experts is dedicated to the research and improvement of our tools and techniques used to fortify your code.