

Games For A Living Smart Contract Audit Report



14 Feb 2023



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AUDITED DETAILS

Audited Project

Project name	Token ticker	Blockchain	
Games For A Living	GFAL	Binance Smart Chain	

Addresses

Contract address 0x47c454ca6be2f6def6f32b638c80f91c9c3c5949	
Contract deployer address	0x0A5d3FC04CB79d2Ac02751C924ACb8c0619a6b98

Project Website

https://gamesforaliving.com/

Codebase

https://bscscan.com/address/0x47c454ca6be2f6def6f32b638c80f91c9c3c5949#code



SUMMARY

This whitepaper outlines the ambitious project of Games for a living and the \$GFAL token offering. It provides an in-depth look at the token sale structure and pricing, outlines the team behind the project, and details the roadmap for the project. Additionally, the whitepaper examines the use of proceeds, the regulatory environment, a risk assessment, and the legal framework. All of this is provided to ensure that investors have all the necessary information to make an informed decision before investing. IMPORTANT: The products described in this document may be of very high risk, including the loss of the entire amount contributed. The tokens that may be acquired will not be guarded by legally authorized entities to provide investment services, and the ledger technology planned to be used (blockchain) is novel and may entail significant risks. The issuer of the crypto-assets is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset whitepaper.

Contract Summary

Documentation Quality

Games For A Living provides a very good documentation with standard of solidity base code.

• The technical description is provided clearly and structured and also dont have any high risk issue.

Code Quality

The Overall quality of the basecode is standard.

• Standard solidity basecode and rules are already followed by Games For A Living with the discovery of several low issues.

Test Coverage

Test coverage of the project is 100% (Through Codebase)

Audit Findings Summary

• SWC-103 | Pragma statements can be allowed to float when a contract is intended on lines 12, 97, 126, 153 and 541.





CONCLUSION

We have audited the Games For A Living project released on February 2023 to discover issues and identify potential security vulnerabilities in the Games For A Living Project. This process is used to find technical issues and security loopholes which might be found in the smart contract.

The security audit report provides satisfactory results with low-risk issues.

The issues in the Games For A Living smart contract code do not pose a considerable risk. The writing of the contract is close to the standard of writing contracts in general. The low-risk issues found some floating pragma is set. The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". Specifying a fixed compiler version is recommended to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.



AUDIT RESULT

Article	Category	Description	Result	
Default Visibility	SWC-100 SWC-108	Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.		
Integer Overflow and Underflow	SWC-101	If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.	PASS	
Outdated Compiler Version	SWC-102	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.	PASS	
Floating Pragma	SWC-103	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.		
Unchecked Call Return Value	SWC-104	The return value of a message call should be checked.		
Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	SWC-105	Due to missing or insufficient access controls, malicious parties can withdraw from the contract.		
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	SWC-106	The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.		
Reentrancy	SWC-107	Check effect interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs recursive call.		
Uninitialized Storage Pointer	SWC-109	Uninitialized local storage variables can point to unexpected storage locations in the contract.		
Assert Violation	SWC-110 SWC-123	Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.		
Deprecated Solidity Functions	SWC-111	Deprecated built-in functions should never be used. PASS		
Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	SWC-112	Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.		



DoS (Denial of Service)	SWC-113 SWC-128	Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.		
Race Conditions	SWC-114	Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.		
Authorization through tx.origin	SWC-115	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	d for authorization. PASS	
Block values as a proxy for time	SWC-116	Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.		
Signature Unique ID	SWC-117 SWC-121 SWC-122	Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id.	PASS	
Incorrect Constructor Name	SWC-118	Constructors are special functions that are called only once during the contract creation.		
Shadowing State Variable	SWC-119	State variables should not be shadowed.		
Weak Sources of Randomness	SWC-120	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.F		
Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	SWC-124	The contract is responsible for ensuring that only authorized user or contract accounts may write to sensitive storage locations.		
Incorrect Inheritance Order	SWC-125	When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order. The rule of thumb is to inherit contracts from more /general/ to more /specific/.		
Insufficient Gas Griefing	SWC-126	Insufficient gas griefing attacks can be performed on contracts which accept data and use it in a sub-call on another contract.		
Arbitrary Jump Function	SWC-127	As Solidity doesnt support pointer arithmetics, it is impossible to change such variable to an arbitrary value.	PASS	



Typographical Error	SWC-129	A typographical error can occur for example when the intent of a defined operation is to sum a number to a variable.		
Override control character	SWC-130	Malicious actors can use the Right-To-Left-Override unicode character to force RTL text rendering and confuse users as to the real intent of a contract.		
Unused variables	SWC-131 SWC-135			
Unexpected Ether balance	SWC-132	Contracts can behave erroneously when they strictly assume a specific Ether balance.		
Hash Collisions Variable	SWC-133	Using abi.encodePacked() with multiple variable length arguments can, in certain situations, lead to a hash collision.	PASS	
Hardcoded gas amount	SWC-134	The transfer() and send() functions forward a fixed amount of 2300 gas.	PASS	
Unencrypted Private Data	SWC-136	It is a common misconception that private type variables cannot be read.	PASS	



SMART CONTRACT ANALYSIS

Started	Monday Feb 13 2023 01:15:52 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)		
Finished	Tuesday Feb 14 2023 06:02:08 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)		
Mode	Standard		
Main Source File	GFALToken.sol		

Detected Issues

ID	Title	Severity	Status
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged



LINE 12

Iow SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- GFALToken.sol

Locations

11
12 pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
13
14 /**
15 * @dev Interface of the ERC20 standard as defined in the EIP.
16



LINE 97

Iow SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- GFALToken.sol

Locations

```
96
97 pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
98
99 /**
100 * @dev Interface for the optional metadata functions from the ERC20 standard.
101
```



LINE 126

Iow SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- GFALToken.sol

Locations

125
126 pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
127
128 /**
129 * @dev Provides information about the current execution context, including the
130



LINE 153

Iow SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- GFALToken.sol

Locations

152
153 pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
154
155
156
157



LINE 541

Iow SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.17"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source File

- GFALToken.sol

Locations

```
540
541 pragma solidity ^0.8.17;
542 contract GFALToken is ERC20 {
543 constructor() ERC20("Games For A Living", "GFAL") {
544 __mint(msg.sender, 1000000000 * 10 ** decimals());
545
```



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This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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