



JinkoChino  
**Smart Contract  
Audit Report**

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

## Audited Details

- Audited Project
- Blockchain
- Addresses
- Project Website
- Codebase

## Summary

- Contract Summary
- Audit Findings Summary
- Vulnerabilities Summary

## Conclusion

## Audit Results

## Smart Contract Analysis

- Detected Vulnerabilities

## Disclaimer

## About Us

# AUDITED DETAILS

## Audited Project

Project name	Token ticker	Blockchain
JinkoChino	JCAi	Ethereum

## Addresses

Contract address	0x1d038760994B18d0B1c1AeF8A5ED2FB26c881f1D
Contract deployer address	0x594e5c9C925978802c412594c19c5560ADc098A5

## Project Website

<https://jinkochinotoken.com/>

## Codebase

<https://etherscan.io/address/0x1d038760994B18d0B1c1AeF8A5ED2FB26c881f1D#code>

# SUMMARY

Jinko Chino(jap. 金魚チノ – Artificial Intelligence) is a next-generation AI-powered meme token(\$JCAi) on Ethereum with a first of its kind use- case.The Jinko chino shilling bot is a unique native advertising tool for crypto projects on any chain and on any social media. Our bot will generate meaningful replies to famous influencers' tweets and tg promos using AI-generated texts including custom meme pic.

## Contract Summary

### Documentation Quality

JinkoChino provides a very good documentation with standard of solidity base code.

- The technical description is provided clearly and structured and also dont have any high risk issue.

### Code Quality

The Overall quality of the basecode is standard.

- Standard solidity basecode and rules are already followed by JinkoChino with the discovery of several low issues.

### Test Coverage

Test coverage of the project is 100% ( Through Codebase )

## Audit Findings Summary

- SWC-101 | It is recommended to use vetted safe math libraries for arithmetic operations consistently on lines 82, 97, 105, 106, 120, 174, 174, 175, 175, 350, 430, 578, 578, 583, 583 and 592.
- SWC-103 | Pragma statements can be allowed to float when a contract is intended on lines 10.
- SWC-110 SWC-123 | It is recommended to use of revert(), assert(), and require() in Solidity, and the new REVERT opcode in the EVM on lines 396, 397, 431 and 593.

## CONCLUSION

We have audited the JinkoChino project released on January 2023 to discover issues and identify potential security vulnerabilities in JinkoChino Project. This process is used to find technical issues and security loopholes which might be found in the smart contract.

The security audit report provides a satisfactory result with some low-risk issues.

The issues found in the JinkoChino smart contract code do not pose a considerable risk. The writing of the contract is close to the standard of writing contracts in general. The low-risk issues found are some arithmetic operation issues, a floating pragma is set, and out of bounds array access which the index access expression can cause an exception in case of the use of an invalid array index value.

# AUDIT RESULT

Article	Category	Description	Result
Default Visibility	SWC-100 SWC-108	Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.	PASS
Integer Overflow and Underflow	SWC-101	If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.	ISSUE FOUND
Outdated Compiler Version	SWC-102	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.	PASS
Floating Pragma	SWC-103	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.	ISSUE FOUND
Unchecked Call Return Value	SWC-104	The return value of a message call should be checked.	PASS
Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	SWC-105	Due to missing or insufficient access controls, malicious parties can withdraw from the contract.	PASS
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	SWC-106	The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.	PASS
Reentrancy	SWC-107	Check effect interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs recursive call.	PASS
Uninitialized Storage Pointer	SWC-109	Uninitialized local storage variables can point to unexpected storage locations in the contract.	PASS
Assert Violation	SWC-110 SWC-123	Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.	ISSUE FOUND
Deprecated Solidity Functions	SWC-111	Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.	PASS
Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	SWC-112	Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.	PASS

DoS (Denial of Service)	SWC-113 SWC-128	Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.	PASS
Race Conditions	SWC-114	Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.	PASS
Authorization through tx.origin	SWC-115	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	PASS
Block values as a proxy for time	SWC-116	Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.	PASS
Signature Unique ID	SWC-117 SWC-121 SWC-122	Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id.	PASS
Incorrect Constructor Name	SWC-118	Constructors are special functions that are called only once during the contract creation.	PASS
Shadowing State Variable	SWC-119	State variables should not be shadowed.	PASS
Weak Sources of Randomness	SWC-120	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.	PASS
Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	SWC-124	The contract is responsible for ensuring that only authorized user or contract accounts may write to sensitive storage locations.	PASS
Incorrect Inheritance Order	SWC-125	When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order. The rule of thumb is to inherit contracts from more /general/ to more /specific/.	PASS
Insufficient Gas Griefing	SWC-126	Insufficient gas griefing attacks can be performed on contracts which accept data and use it in a sub-call on another contract.	PASS
Arbitrary Jump Function	SWC-127	As Solidity doesnt support pointer arithmetics, it is impossible to change such variable to an arbitrary value.	PASS

<b>Typographical Error</b>	<b>SWC-129</b>	A typographical error can occur for example when the intent of a defined operation is to sum a number to a variable.	<b>PASS</b>
<b>Override control character</b>	<b>SWC-130</b>	Malicious actors can use the Right-To-Left-Override unicode character to force RTL text rendering and confuse users as to the real intent of a contract.	<b>PASS</b>
<b>Unused variables</b>	<b>SWC-131 SWC-135</b>	Unused variables are allowed in Solidity and they do not pose a direct security issue.	<b>PASS</b>
<b>Unexpected Ether balance</b>	<b>SWC-132</b>	Contracts can behave erroneously when they strictly assume a specific Ether balance.	<b>PASS</b>
<b>Hash Collisions Variable</b>	<b>SWC-133</b>	Using <code>abi.encodePacked()</code> with multiple variable length arguments can, in certain situations, lead to a hash collision.	<b>PASS</b>
<b>Hardcoded gas amount</b>	<b>SWC-134</b>	The <code>transfer()</code> and <code>send()</code> functions forward a fixed amount of 2300 gas.	<b>PASS</b>
<b>Unencrypted Private Data</b>	<b>SWC-136</b>	It is a common misconception that private type variables cannot be read.	<b>PASS</b>



# SMART CONTRACT ANALYSIS

Started	Thursday Jan 19 2023 13:28:35 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Finished	Friday Jan 20 2023 01:54:06 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Mode	Standard
Main Source File	JinkoChino.sol

## Detected Issues

ID	Title	Severity	Status
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "%" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "++" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged

SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "++" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-103	A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
SWC-110	OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged

# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED

LINE 82

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
81  function add(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (uint256) {
82  uint256 c = a + b;
83  require(c >= a, "SafeMath: addition overflow");
84  return c;
85  }
86
```

# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED

LINE 97

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
96   require(b <= a, errorMessage);
97   uint256 c = a - b;
98   return c;
99   }
100
101
```

## SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "\*" DISCOVERED

LINE 105

### low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

### Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

### Locations

```
104 }
105 uint256 c = a * b;
106 require(c / a == b, "SafeMath: multiplication overflow");
107 return c;
108 }
109
```

# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED

LINE 106

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
105  uint256 c = a * b;
106  require(c / a == b, "SafeMath: multiplication overflow");
107  return c;
108  }
109
110
```

## SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED

LINE 120

### low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

### Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

### Locations

```
119     require(b > 0, errorMessage);
120     uint256 c = a / b;
121     return c;
122 }
123 }
124
```

# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "\*" DISCOVERED

LINE 174

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
173 uint256 private constant MAX = ~uint256(0);
174 uint256 private constant _tTotal = 1000000000 * 10**9;
175 uint256 private _rTotal = (MAX - (MAX % _tTotal));
176 uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
177 uint256 private _redisFeeOnBuy = 0;
178
```



# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "\*\*" DISCOVERED

LINE 174

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
173 uint256 private constant MAX = ~uint256(0);
174 uint256 private constant _tTotal = 1000000000 * 10**9;
175 uint256 private _rTotal = (MAX - (MAX % _tTotal));
176 uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
177 uint256 private _redisFeeOnBuy = 0;
178
```

# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED

LINE 175

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
174 uint256 private constant _tTotal = 1000000000 * 10**9;
175 uint256 private _rTotal = (MAX - (MAX % _tTotal));
176 uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
177 uint256 private _redisFeeOnBuy = 0;
178 uint256 private _taxFeeOnBuy = 5;
179
```

# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "%" DISCOVERED

LINE 175

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
174 uint256 private constant _tTotal = 1000000000 * 10**9;
175 uint256 private _rTotal = (MAX - (MAX % _tTotal));
176 uint256 private _tFeeTotal;
177 uint256 private _redisFeeOnBuy = 0;
178 uint256 private _taxFeeOnBuy = 5;
179
```

# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED

LINE 350

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
349   if(to != uniswapV2Pair) {
350     require(balanceOf(to) + amount < _maxWalletSize, "TOKEN: Balance exceeds wallet
size!");
351   }
352
353   uint256 contractTokenBalance = balanceOf(address(this));
354
```

# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "++" DISCOVERED

LINE 430

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
429     function blockBots(address[] memory bots_) public onlyOwner {
430         for (uint256 i = 0; i < bots_.length; i++) {
431             bots[bots_[i]] = true;
432         }
433     }
434
```

# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED

LINE 578

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
577     require(amountPercent>0);
578     _maxTxAmount = (_tTotal * amountPercent ) / 100;
579 }
580
581 function setMaxWalletSize(uint256 amountPercent) public onlyOwner {
582
```

# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "\*" DISCOVERED

LINE 578

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
577     require(amountPercent>0);
578     _maxTxAmount = (_tTotal * amountPercent ) / 100;
579 }
580
581 function setMaxWalletSize(uint256 amountPercent) public onlyOwner {
582
```

# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED

LINE 583

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
582   require(amountPercent>0);
583   _maxWalletSize = (_tTotal * amountPercent ) / 100;
584   }
585
586   function removeLimits() external onlyOwner{
587
```



# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "\*" DISCOVERED

LINE 583

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
582     require(amountPercent>0);
583     _maxWalletSize = (_tTotal * amountPercent ) / 100;
584 }
585
586 function removeLimits() external onlyOwner{
587
```

# SWC-101 | ARITHMETIC OPERATION "++" DISCOVERED

LINE 592

## low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

## Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

## Locations

```
591 function excludeMultipleAccountsFromFees(address[] calldata accounts, bool
excluded) public onlyOwner {
592     for(uint256 i = 0; i < accounts.length; i++) {
593         _isExcludedFromFee[accounts[i]] = excluded;
594     }
595 }
596
```

## SWC-103 | A FLOATING PRAGMA IS SET.

LINE 10

### low SEVERITY

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.9"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

### Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

### Locations

```
9
10  pragma solidity ^0.8.9;
11
12
13  abstract contract Context {
14
```

## SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 396

### low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

### Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

### Locations

```
395 address[] memory path = new address[](2);
396 path[0] = address(this);
397 path[1] = uniswapV2Router.WETH();
398 _approve(address(this), address(uniswapV2Router), tokenAmount);
399 uniswapV2Router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(
400
```

## SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 397

### low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

### Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

### Locations

```
396 path[0] = address(this);
397 path[1] = uniswapV2Router.WETH();
398 _approve(address(this), address(uniswapV2Router), tokenAmount);
399 uniswapV2Router.swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(
400 tokenAmount,
401
```

## SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 431

### low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

### Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

### Locations

```
430   for (uint256 i = 0; i < bots_.length; i++) {  
431     bots[bots_[i]] = true;  
432   }  
433 }  
434  
435
```

## SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 593

### low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

### Source File

- JinkoChino.sol

### Locations

```
592   for(uint256 i = 0; i < accounts.length; i++) {  
593     _isExcludedFromFee[accounts[i]] = excluded;  
594   }  
595 }  
596  
597
```

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This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn’t say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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