

Chronoly
Smart Contract
Audit Report





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AUDITED DETAILS

| Audited Project

Project name	Token ticker	Blockchain	
Chronoly	CRNO	Ethereum	

Addresses

Contract address	0xE23311294467654E0CaB14cD32A169A41be5ca8E
Contract deployer address	0xE23311294467654E0CaB14cD32A169A41be5ca8E

Project Website

https://chronoly.io/

Codebase

https://etherscan.io/address/0xE23311294467654E0CaB14cD32A169A41be5ca8E#code



SUMMARY

Chronoly is the world's first 24/7 watch investment platform that is making it possible for anyone to fractionally invest in rare and exclusive timepieces. Each NFT watch that we mint is backed by the physical version of the watch. The watch NFT is then broken down into fractions making it easy for anyone to invest in the watch from as little as \$10.

Contract Summary

Documentation Quality

Chronoly provides a very good documentation with standard of solidity base code.

• The technical description is provided clearly and structured and also dont have any high risk issue.

Code Quality

The Overall quality of the basecode is standard.

 Standard solidity basecode and rules are already followed by Chronoly with the discovery of several low issues.

Test Coverage

Test coverage of the project is 100% (Through Codebase)

Audit Findings Summary

- SWC-100 SWC-108 | Explicitly define visibility for all state variables on lines 438.
- SWC-101 | It is recommended to use vetted safe math libraries for arithmetic operations consistently on lines 39, 55, 58, 58, 78, 426, 426, 453, 453, 456, 457, 472, 473, 678, 678, 678, 678, 678, 682, 689, 692, 692 and 692.
- SWC-110 SWC-123 | It is recommended to use of revert(), assert(), and require() in Solidity, and the new REVERT opcode in the EVM on lines 423, 674, 743 and 744.
- SWC-120 | It is recommended to use external sources of randomness via oracles on lines 691.



CONCLUSION

We have audited the Chronoly project released on April 2022 to discover issues and identify potential security vulnerabilities in Chronoly Project. This process is used to find technical issues and security loopholes which might be found in the smart contract.

The security audit report provides a satisfactory result with some low-risk issues.

The issues found in the Chronoly smart contract code do not pose a considerable risk. The writing of the contract is close to the standard of writing contracts in general. The low-risk issues found are some arithmetic operation issues, a state variable visibility is not set, weak sources of randomness, and out-of-bounds array access which the index access expression can cause an exception in case of the use of an invalid array index value. We recommend setting the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "inSwapAndLiquify" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private also don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that the use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust in miners.



AUDIT RESULT

Article	Category	Description	Result
Default Visibility	SWC-100 SWC-108	Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.	ISSUE FOUND
Integer Overflow and Underflow	SWC-101	If unchecked math is used, all math operations should be safe from overflows and underflows.	ISSUE FOUND
Outdated Compiler Version	SWC-102	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.	PASS
Floating Pragma	SWC-103	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.	PASS
Unchecked Call Return Value	SWC-104	The return value of a message call should be checked.	PASS
Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	SWC-105	Due to missing or insufficient access controls, malicious parties can withdraw from the contract.	PASS
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	SWC-106	The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.	PASS
Reentrancy	SWC-107	Check effect interaction pattern should be followed if the code performs recursive call.	PASS
Uninitialized Storage Pointer	SWC-109	Uninitialized local storage variables can point to unexpected storage locations in the contract.	PASS
Assert Violation	SWC-110 SWC-123	Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement.	ISSUE FOUND
Deprecated Solidity Functions	SWC-111	Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.	PASS
Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	SWC-112	Delegatecalls should only be allowed to trusted addresses.	PASS



DoS (Denial of Service)	SWC-113 SWC-128	Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.	PASS
Race Conditions	SWC-114	Race Conditions and Transactions Order Dependency should not be possible.	PASS
Authorization through tx.origin	SWC-115	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	PASS
Block values as a proxy for time	SWC-116	Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.	PASS
Signature Unique ID	SWC-117 SWC-121 SWC-122	Signed messages should always have a unique id. A transaction hash should not be used as a unique id.	PASS
Incorrect Constructor Name	SWC-118	Constructors are special functions that are called only once during the contract creation.	PASS
Shadowing State Variable	SWC-119	State variables should not be shadowed.	PASS
Weak Sources of Randomness	SWC-120	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.	ISSUE FOUND
Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	SWC-124	The contract is responsible for ensuring that only authorized user or contract accounts may write to sensitive storage locations.	PASS
Incorrect Inheritance Order	SWC-125	When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order. The rule of thumb is to inherit contracts from more /general/ to more /specific/.	PASS
Insufficient Gas Griefing	SWC-126	Insufficient gas griefing attacks can be performed on contracts which accept data and use it in a sub-call on another contract.	PASS
Arbitrary Jump Function	SWC-127	As Solidity doesnt support pointer arithmetics, it is impossible to change such variable to an arbitrary value.	PASS



Typographical Error	SWC-129	A typographical error can occur for example when the intent of a defined operation is to sum a number to a variable.	PASS
Override control character	SWC-130	Malicious actors can use the Right-To-Left-Override unicode character to force RTL text rendering and confuse users as to the real intent of a contract.	PASS
Unused variables	SWC-131 SWC-135	Unused variables are allowed in Solidity and they do not pose a direct security issue.	PASS
Unexpected Ether balance	SWC-132	Contracts can behave erroneously when they strictly assume a specific Ether balance.	PASS
Hash Collisions Variable	SWC-133	Using abi.encodePacked() with multiple variable length arguments can, in certain situations, lead to a hash collision.	PASS
Hardcoded gas amount	SWC-134	The transfer() and send() functions forward a fixed amount of 2300 gas.	PASS
Unencrypted Private Data	SWC-136	It is a common misconception that private type variables cannot be read.	PASS



SMART CONTRACT ANALYSIS

Started	Monday Apr 25 2022 12:41:45 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)		
Finished	Tuesday Apr 26 2022 12:11:05 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)		
Mode	Standard		
Main Source File	CRNOTOKEN.sol		

Detected Issues

ID	Title	Severity	Status
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "**" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
SWC-101	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged



ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED	low	acknowledged
STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.	low	acknowledged
PUBLIC STATE VARIABLE WITH ARRAY TYPE CAUSING REACHABLE EXCEPTION BY DEFAULT.	low	acknowledged
OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS	low	acknowledged
POTENTIAL USE OF "BLOCK.NUMBER" AS SOURCE OF RANDOMNESS.	low	acknowledged
	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET. PUBLIC STATE VARIABLE WITH ARRAY TYPE CAUSING REACHABLE EXCEPTION BY DEFAULT. OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS POTENTIAL USE OF "BLOCK.NUMBER" AS SOURCE OF	ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED IOW ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED IOW ARITHMETIC OPERATION "+" DISCOVERED IOW ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED IOW ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED IOW ARITHMETIC OPERATION "-" DISCOVERED IOW ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED IOW ARITHMETIC OPERATION "*" DISCOVERED IOW ARITHMETIC OPERATION "/" DISCOVERED IOW STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET. IOW PUBLIC STATE VARIABLE WITH ARRAY TYPE CAUSING REACHABLE EXCEPTION BY DEFAULT. OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS IOW OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS IOW OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS IOW POTENTIAL USE OF "BLOCK.NUMBER" AS SOURCE OF



LINE 39

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
function sub(uint a, uint b, string memory errorMessage) internal pure returns
(uint) {
   require(b <= a, errorMessage);
   uint c = a - b;
   return c;
}</pre>
```



LINE 55

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
function div(uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint) {

return div(a, b, "SafeMath: division by zero");

for the string memory errorMessage) internal pure returns (uint) {

// Solidity only automatically asserts when dividing by 0

}
```



LINE 58

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
57 function div(uint a, uint b, string memory errorMessage) internal pure returns
(uint) {
58   // Solidity only automatically asserts when dividing by 0
59   require(b > 0, errorMessage);
60   uint c = a / b;
61
62
```



LINE 58

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
57 function div(uint a, uint b, string memory errorMessage) internal pure returns
(uint) {
58  // Solidity only automatically asserts when dividing by 0
59  require(b > 0, errorMessage);
60  uint c = a / b;
61
62
```



LINE 78

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
77
78 event OwnershipTransferred(address indexed previousOwner, address indexed newOwner);
79
80 /**
81 * @dev Initializes the contract setting the deployer as the initial owner.
82
```



LINE 426

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
425    uint256    public BUYliquidityFee = 1;
426    uint256    public BUYtotalFee =
BUYliquidityFee.add(BUYmarketingFee).add(BUYrewardFee).add(BUYburnFee);
427
428    uint256    public SELLmarketingFee = 6;
429    uint256    public SELLrewardFee = 3;
430
```



LINE 426

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
425    uint256    public BUYliquidityFee = 1;
426    uint256    public BUYtotalFee =
BUYliquidityFee.add(BUYmarketingFee).add(BUYrewardFee).add(BUYburnFee);
427
428    uint256    public SELLmarketingFee = 6;
429    uint256    public SELLrewardFee = 3;
430
```



LINE 453

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
452
453 bool private swapping;
454
455
456 modifier lockTheSwap {
457
```



LINE 453

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
452
453 bool private swapping;
454
455
456 modifier lockTheSwap {
457
```



LINE 456

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
455
456 modifier lockTheSwap {
457 inSwapAndLiquify = true;
458 _;
459 inSwapAndLiquify = false;
460
```



LINE 457

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
456 modifier lockTheSwap {
457  inSwapAndLiquify = true;
458  _;
459  inSwapAndLiquify = false;
460  }
461
```



LINE 472

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
471 // Create a uniswap pair for this new token
472 uniswapV2Pair = IUniswapV2Factory(_uniswapV2Router.factory())
473 .createPair(address(this), _uniswapV2Router.WETH());
474
475 // set the rest of the contract variables
476
```



LINE 473

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
472 uniswapV2Pair = IUniswapV2Factory(_uniswapV2Router.factory())
473 .createPair(address(this), _uniswapV2Router.WETH());
474
475 // set the rest of the contract variables
476 uniswapV2Router = _uniswapV2Router;
477
```



LINE 678

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
677
678 return (seed - ((seed / lotteryEligibles.length) * lotteryEligibles.length));
679
680 }
681
682
```



LINE 678

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
677
678 return (seed - ((seed / lotteryEligibles.length) * lotteryEligibles.length));
679
680 }
681
682
```



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678 return (seed - ((seed / lotteryEligibles.length) * lotteryEligibles.length));
679
680 }
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682
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678 return (seed - ((seed / lotteryEligibles.length) * lotteryEligibles.length));
679
680 }
681
682
```



LINE 678

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
677
678 return (seed - ((seed / lotteryEligibles.length) * lotteryEligibles.length));
679
680 }
681
682
```



LINE 682

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
681
682 function showWinner() external view returns(address)
683 {
684 // selectWinner();
685 return winner;
686
```



LINE 689

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
688
689 function swapAndLiquify(uint256 tokens) private lockTheSwap {
690
691  // split the contract balance into halves
692  uint256 half = tokens.div(2);
693
```



LINE 692

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
691  // split the contract balance into halves
692  uint256 half = tokens.div(2);
693  uint256 otherHalf = tokens.sub(half);
694
695  // capture the contract's current ETH balance.
696
```



LINE 692

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
691  // split the contract balance into halves
692  uint256 half = tokens.div(2);
693  uint256 otherHalf = tokens.sub(half);
694
695  // capture the contract's current ETH balance.
696
```



LINE 692

low SEVERITY

This plugin produces issues to support false positive discovery within mythril.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
691  // split the contract balance into halves
692  uint256 half = tokens.div(2);
693  uint256 otherHalf = tokens.sub(half);
694
695  // capture the contract's current ETH balance.
696
```



SWC-108 | STATE VARIABLE VISIBILITY IS NOT SET.

LINE 438

low SEVERITY

It is best practice to set the visibility of state variables explicitly. The default visibility for "inSwapAndLiquify" is internal. Other possible visibility settings are public and private.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
437
438 bool inSwapAndLiquify;
439 bool public swapAndLiquifyEnabled = true;
440
441
442
```



SWC-110 | PUBLIC STATE VARIABLE WITH ARRAY TYPE CAUSING REACHABLE EXCEPTION BY DEFAULT.

LINE 423

low SEVERITY

The public state variable "lotteryEligibles" in "CRNOTOKEN" contract has type "address[]" and can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
422  uint256 public BUYmarketingFee = 2;
423  uint256 public BUYrewardFee = 2;
424  uint256 public BUYburnFee = 1;
425  uint256 public BUYliquidityFee = 1;
426  uint256 public BUYtotalFee =
BUYliquidityFee.add(BUYmarketingFee).add(BUYrewardFee).add(BUYburnFee);
427
```



SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 674

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
673 block.gaslimit +
674 ((uint256(keccak256(abi.encodePacked(msg.sender)))) / (block.timestamp)) +
675 block.number
676 )));
677
678
```



SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 743

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
742 path,
743 address(this),
744 block.timestamp
745 );
746 }
747
```



SWC-110 | OUT OF BOUNDS ARRAY ACCESS

LINE 744

low SEVERITY

The index access expression can cause an exception in case of use of invalid array index value.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
743 address(this),
744 block.timestamp
745 );
746 }
747
```



SWC-120 | POTENTIAL USE OF "BLOCK.NUMBER" AS SOURCE OF RANDOMNESS.

LINE 691

low SEVERITY

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source File

- CRNOTOKEN.sol

```
690
691  // split the contract balance into halves
692  uint256 half = tokens.div(2);
693  uint256 otherHalf = tokens.sub(half);
694
695
```



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This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as of the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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